THE WEATHER

Cloudy and warmer, probably rain Friday Saturday, clearing.

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

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VOL. XCV—NO. 111. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 5, 1915 WHOLE NUMBER 13,902.

BRITISH TERRITORIALS GET BAPTISM OF FIRE IN EGYPT TURKS ATTACK SUEZ CANAL

Force of Twelve Thousand are Driven Back by British Army—Prisoners.

THREE ATTEMPTS MADE

Desperate Battle Being Fought Before Warsaw With Great Losses.

Regiment After Regiment is Thrown Against Russians.

London, Feb. 4. — The Turks at last have made a definite attack on the Suez canal, but after a sharp fight they were driven off with heavy losses.

After a fruitless attempt Tuesday night to bridge the canal near Toussoum, they returned to the attack early yesterday with a force estimated at 12,000 and six batteries of artillery, and essayed to cross on rafts. The British force threw the invaders back, taking about 300 prisoners.

A considerable number of the Turks were killed and wounded. The British lost 15 killed and 58 wounded.

The attack was renewed by the Turks at El Kantara, but this met with no greater success than the other attempt, the Turkish losses in killed, wounded and prisoners numbering upwards of a hundred.

Those Taking Part.

The New Zealand contingent and presumably the Australians took part in the battles. Compared with the battles in Poland and the Carpathians, this is a mere flash, but as British territorials, Australians and New Zealanders, are receiving their baptism of fire in Egypt and there is much interest in the attempts of the Turks to move a big army across the desert, the operations in that part of the world are attracting a good deal of attention in England.

Efforts of German Field Marshal Von Hindenburg to check the Russians in East Prussia and the Carpathians by compelling them to reinforce their center west of Warsaw has brought a desperate attack. Regiment after regiment, supported by great masses of artillery, has been thrown against the Russian lines and both sides claim to have inflicted heavy losses on their opponents, and each reports progress.

It is apparent, however, that while the Germans are making every effort to get near Warsaw, the Russians, for the present are satisfied to hold their positions and inflict as heavy losses on their adversaries as possible. Near Bolimow the fighting has been fierce and continuous for weeks and the Russians claim to have taken one village for which the armies have been contending.

Meanwhile the Germans have sent strong reinforcements south to check the advance of Russians reported south of the main range of the Carpathians, and are thus again overlooking the plains of Hungary.

Emperors to the Front.

The Russian Emperor left for the front today, while the German Emperor is expected to proceed there after he concludes his visit to Wilhelmshaven where he has been inspecting the fleet and bestowing iron crosses on the crew of the submarine U-21, which sank three British merchant steamers in the Irish sea.

In the West the artillery continues to play the major part. Each side makes occasional attacks which, according to official reports are invariably repulsed.

Although not officially mentioned, it is reported that British warships are again bombarding German positions on the Belgian coast, while the airmen of the Allies are dropping bombs in German trenches at points of concentration.

The surrender of Lieut. Col. Kemp and other rebels who have been receiving arms and support from the Germans in Southwest Africa, and with whom they have recently quarreled, and the expected surrender of Lieut. Col. Maritz, who has been able to remain in the field by the same means, probably will bring to an end the South African rebellion and enable General Louis Botha to pursue his design of invading German territory in Africa.

It is officially announced that 1,165 British officers have been commissioned from the ranks since the outbreak of the war.

TURKS ATTACK CANAL.

Twelve Thousand in Force Attempt to Cross Suez Canal—Repulsed.

Cairo, Feb. 4, via London.—The following official statement recounting the repulse of a Turkish force which attacked the Suez Canal was given out here today:

"At day break yesterday the enemy advanced on the posts at Toussoum (35 miles north of Suez.) When they attempted to cross the canal on Tuesday night and the artillery bombarded Toussoum and Serapeum, our artillery

(Continued on Page Eight.)

DEMOCRATS AWAIT ABSENT MEMBERS

Delay Action on Shipping Bill Until Monday.

LACKING TWO VOTES

Senators Smith and Newlands Will Only Tie Vote but Democrats Depend on Vice President Marshall to Aid.

Washington, Feb. 4.—Frustrated again today in their plan to re-commit the government ship purchase bill with definite instructions for its amendment, Senate administration leaders tonight were tentatively considering a proposal to re-commit it without instructions and later to move the discharge of the committee should it fail to act.

Champions of the bill today found themselves lacking at least two votes to re-commit with instructions. They admitted there was no possibility of procuring those votes until next Monday, when two absent senators are expected to return.

Senators who favor the new plan pointed out tonight that some Progressive Republicans and some insurgent Democrats are pledged merely to vote for Senator Clarke's motion to re-commit without instructions. From these they believe pledges of support could be procured for a subsequent motion to discharge the commerce committee from further consideration of the bill if it failed to return the measure with amendments recommended by the caucus.

Would Discharge Committee.

Senator Fletcher, in charge of the bill, said tonight he would be willing to vote to re-commit if assured of enough votes to carry a motion to discharge the committee. He said still another plan not yet ready for revelation was being discussed, but that unless some sure way out could be found, no vote would be permitted until the absent Democratic senators return.

Democratic leaders had hoped to have a majority available today. They gained one vote when Senator Lewis, absent for several days, returned to Washington, but that advantage was more than offset by the return of Senators Fall and Penrose, Republican absentees.

The only senators now absent are Smith, of South Carolina and Newlands, both Democrats. Senator Smith telephoned from South Carolina he would return as soon as illness in his family permitted. Senator Newlands sent word he would arrive Monday.

The seven insurgent Democrats held out determinedly today and administration leaders, after a canvass of the situation, found that until their two absent colleagues returned they would be out-voted on any motion they might make. Counting Senators LaFollette and Norris with them, they could muster only 46 votes. The Republicans and insurgent Democrats had 43.

With the return of Senators Smith and Newlands, the administration senators would be able only to tie their opponents, but Vice President Marshall is counted on to save the day for them.

Republican leaders were jubilant over their coup today by which the Democrats were forced to take the floor and talk against time pending the arrival of reinforcements. Senator Reed discussed the immigration bill veto and Senators Camden and Hardwick, two of the insurgent Democrats, explained their objections to the ship bill.

Charges Inconsistency.

Senator Hardwick declared that none of the insurgent Democrats ever had treated with the Republicans over terms of the proposed legislation, and were, in fact, less liable to such criticism than either the President or the main body of Senate Democrats. He said the seven insurgents only had agreed with the Republicans that the bill should be re-committed for perfection. He charged that the regular Senate Democrats had appointed a special committee to treat with Republicans as to the terms of the measure, and that the President had conferred with Republicans on questions involved.

Mr. Hardwick declared the Democratic caucus never had contended that it could bnd any senator to support a bill, the constitutionality of which he doubted, or which was contrary to promises to his constituents.

The President, Mr. Hardwick asserted, had stated that the shipping bill should be regarded as a temporary expedient to relieve war conditions, but that the Democratic caucus declined to embody that assurance in the bill.

Senator Camden who was arraigned by Senator Stone yesterday for aligning himself with the Republicans, defended his position.

"It is inconsistent," he said, "for those who profess to be leaders here and to speak for the administration to criticise Democratic senators for conferring with Republican senators on this measure when President Wilson immediately calls into conference three senators from the Republican side of the chamber."

Discussing the bill, Senator Camden declared, that viewed from the standpoint of "time honored Democratic doctrine and principle, it is most alarming, objectionable and dangerous."

"If it becomes a law," the senator continued, "the Democratic party will be irrevocably committed to the theory of a paternal form of government, which freely translated, means state socialism."

M'ADOO AND BURTON MAKE ADDRESSES

Before Chamber of Commerce of United States.

ON THE SHIPPING BILL

Secretary of Treasury Defends Measure While Senator Opposed Its Adoption—Chamber Unable to Agree on Opinion.

Washington, Feb. 4.—The Chamber of Commerce of the United States tonight ordered a referendum vote of its membership on merchant marine questions, including government ownership and operation of ships.

A majority report of the chamber's merchant marine committee denouncing the government ship purchase bill pending in the Senate failed to receive the two-thirds vote necessary for its adoption, although 161 delegates voted for it and only 90 in the negative. A minority report approving the bill also was rejected. Then it was determined to lay the matter before the organizations composing the chamber.

Secretary McAdoo, of the Treasury Department, was the chief speaker for the ship bill, and Senator Burton for its opponents. Each argued earnestly, the formal speech making virtually turning into a joint debate.

The chamber tonight held its annual banquet.

McAdoo in Defense.

Defending the ship purchase bill, Secretary McAdoo predicted the government would not operate the ships at a loss and contended failure to make a profit should not deter it from entering the business. He pointed out that the coast guard service saved much life and property upon the seas and asked if the chamber were in favor of discontinuing the service because it cost money. He inquired if the Panama Canal were built for profit.

"Where property is put in jeopardy on sea or otherwise," said Secretary McAdoo, it is a function of government to furnish relief. So when commerce is in jeopardy, when freight rates are soaring to unreasonable heights, I must confess I have no patience with the contention that the government must sit with manacled hands and shackled feet. This is the time when we must face the issue and not back down because of hide-bound theories or fears of this or that. This is the time for remedies, for remedies are not worth a continental unless applied at the acute stage."

"The talk of international complications from the ship purchase bill is twaddle," said Mr. McAdoo. "There is no more danger of that than of my picking up the Washington monument and walking across the Potomac. I know of no protest of any foreign government against this measure. This is a matter of policy for this government alone to determine. Its execution is another matter. But as long as we observe the rules of international law and neutrality nobody can complain."

Burton Makes Reply.

Senator Burton replying to Secretary McAdoo followed arguments advanced by opponents of the bill in the Senate.

"Woe to the man who would stir up the nation to an unneutral act or strike down the preservation of neutrality at this terrible time," said he.

Mr. Burton contended high freight rates to Europe were due largely to war zone risks and delays and that the rates to the remainder of the world were not higher than in pacific times.

"I should tremble with apprehension for this country," said Senator Burton, "should this nation send out a ship under this law under the American flag and it be seized by Great Britain or France. An individual might do this without serious consequences, but for a nation to do it, would be an act of hostility."

The nominating committee recommended the election of these 12 directors, all being regarded as equivalent to election:

Howell B. Cheney, South Manchester, Conn.; William H. Douglas, New York; R. G. Rhett, Charleston, S. C.; R. T. Cunningham, Fairmont, W. Va.; John W. Philp, Dallas; Charles S. Keith, Kansas City, Mo.; L. C. Boyd, Indianapolis; Henry B. Joy, Detroit; E. T. Meredith, Des Moines; Thomas B. Stearns, Denver; Thomas Burke, Seattle, and Alfred I. Esberg, San Francisco.

Hamlin Explains System.

Charles S. Hamlin, Governor of the Federal Reserve Board, told the convention that the new currency system soon would place the United States on a solid foundation and make it the center of the world's financial exchanges.

"When it is considered that the United States was able to export $165,000,000 of gold in the calendar year and yet reduce its total gold by only $89,000,000," said Mr. Hamlin, "some idea of the strength of the United States in gold holdings and production would be conveyed."

"Up to the present time," he continued, "only a limited recourse has been handed to the reserve banks by the member banks, the amount of the discounts and the issue of Federal Reserve notes being very small. In a few months, undobutedly, these banks will be drawn upon to a large extent by member banks."

Norfolk, Va., Feb. 4.—A body of a man supposed to be one of the crew of the yacht Idler that went to pieces off Cape Hatteras about a week ago, was washed ashore at Creeds Hill life saving station this afternoon. The drowned man had scix gold teeth and weighed probably 140 pounds.

Avezzano, Italy, Feb. 4.—More than 300 bodies have been taken from beneath ruins at Santa Natolia made by the recent earthquake. In addition 67 of the 650 persons injured have died.

IMMIGRATION BILL DIES IN THE HOUSE

Effort to Overrule President's Veto Proves Failure.

FIVE VOTES LACKING

Just Two Years to a Day After Failure to Repass Like Bill Over Veto of President Taft—Wilson is Upheld.

Washington, Feb. 4.—The attempt to pass the immigration bill, with its literacy test provision, over the veto of the President, failed in the House late today. The vote was 261 in favor of overriding the veto and 136 against it. Two members voted present, and with this attendance 286 ayes would have been necessary to give the necessary two-thirds.

Just two years ago today the House failed to re-pass the immigration bill over the veto of President Taft, who also opposed the literacy tests.

Debate on the motion to override President Wilson's veto began when the House met under an agreement for five hours and 20 minutes' talk. Representatives Burnett and Gardner led the forces in favor of the measure and Representatives Moore and Sabath headed the opponents.

Representative Adair, Democrat, opened the argument for re-passing the bill. Votes on the literacy test in Congress during the last decade, he said, had established that public opinion approved it.

Underwood Dissented.

Majority Leader Underwood vigorously dissented from the President's position that the bill had not been given popular approval because it never had been placed before the people as a national issue.

"For twenty years," he said, "I have supported this legislation. Through my record of this question, my constituency knows my position and it has indicated its approval by returning me to Congress. Nearly two-thirds of the members of this House voted for this legislation four years ago. The constituencies of a majority of this House knew the position taken on this question by their representatives. After four years, this issue again comes up and more than two-thirds of the representatives of those constituencies again favor this legislation.

"It is idle to say that it is necessary that there be a pronouncement of a great party in convention assembled in order to voice the sentiments of the American people.

"The reason I favor this legislation is the very reason given by the President for vetoing the bill. He says that the literacy test is restrictive and not selective. Of course, all of us would favor selective restriction if possible."

Support the President.

Representative Moore, of Pennsylvania, Republican, urged the House to support the President. He declared immigration had had no bad effects on wages and working conditions in this country and asserted that the restrictions imposed in the bill were contrary to the fundamental principles "upon which the forefathers based this Republic."

Chairman Burnett, of the immigration committee and author of the bill, declared the fight for restrictive immigration legislation would continue.

"We lost by a very narrow margin," he said, "and a swing of a few votes would have passed the bill. The fight will be made again in the next Congress.

Today's vote showed a gain of 22 votes for it over previous vote and a loss of four votes from the opposition strength.

The 261 votes passing the bill over the veto were cast as follows:

Democrats, 166; Republicans, 78; Progressive and Progressive Republicans, 16; Independent, 5.

Against the bill the vote was: Democrats, 101; "insurgent" Democrat 1; Republicans, 32; Progressive and Progressive Republicans, 2.

Presidents Taft and Cleveland vetoed similar measures and attempts to override them failed.

GERMAN AMBASSADOR OFFERS SUGGESTION

Let Distribution of Wilhelmina's Cargo be Supervised.

State Department Much Interested in Plan Suggested—American Consular Officer Would See That None Went to Army.

Washington, Feb. 4.—The State Department today was keenly interested in a proposal by Count Bernstorff, the German ambassador, that an American consular officer supervise distribution of the food cargo of the American steamer Wilhelmina to make sure that it reached the civilian population and not the German army.

As the Wilhelmina is on the high seas and Great Britain has announced it intends to detain her and bring her into port to buy the cargo, diplomatic negotiations are not expected until the ship actually is taken into British jurisdiction.

State Department officials declined to say whether American consular officers would be authorized to supervise distribution of the food stuffs, and in British circles it was intimated that

(Continued on Page Eight.)

LACY MAKES REPLY TO ALL CRITICISMS

State Treasurer Refutes Webb-Montcastle Charges

JUGGLING OF FIGURES

Says Report of Board of Internal Improvements Does Him Great Injustice in Its Presentation of Its Figures.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 4.—State Treasurer B. R. Lacy made a detailed answer this afternoon before the legislative finance committee to the recent sensational criticisms of the management of the Treasury by the State Board of Internal Improvements. His statement was to the effect that the report of the board did him great injustice in representing that while he had large sums of State funds in the Treasury he needlessly borrowed other large sums.

It was made to appear that he had $391,000 in bank and borrowed $300,000 more at 6 per cent, the bank reloaning it at 6 per cent more, making 12 per cent, "some velvet for the bank." But he did nothing of the sort, he asserts, but the real fact was that the balance in bank at that time was $391,973, of which $300,000 was borrowed money, this illustrating, according to Mr. Lacy's reply and the showing made by expert accountants he had to review the Treasury, the inaccuracy and injustice of the whole criticism of his department.

Mr. Lacy charges that the Board of Internal Improvements presented an incorrect view of the Treasury by the use and arrangements of its incorrect figures, "a view unsupported either by the facts or the books in my office."

Audit Company Impeached.

Mr. Lacy impeaches the audit company that the board imported to make the examination of the Treasury and produced copies of the New York World containing the most severe impeachment of the head of the audit concern for conduct while connected with the New York City accounting department while the examination of the affairs of the North Carolina Treasury was in progress.

The reply declares that all monies borrowed were with authority of law, with the consent of the Governor and Council of State, and at no time were there sufficient funds to the credit of the Treasurer to cover the State's obligations and only twice were the sums total as great as the obligations. There is a great array of tables and statements all certified to by one of the biggest auditing concerns in the State, setting out Mr. Lacy's views of the situation.

Mr. Lacy explains the State Treasury method of placing its funds for payment of interest on State bonds in New York through a Raleigh bank instead of directly in the name of the State, the necessity having arisen in the progress of the litigation over the South Dakota bond suit and continued since then necessarily.

Figures Against Figures.

Mr. Lacy's reply includes a detail statement of figures in comparison with the statement by the audit company that served the Board of Internal Improvements and disproving the audit company's findings. Another statement was that of bank balances for the period covered. The period covered, indeed, being shown by the Lacy reply to be unfair to the Treasury because it took a portion of two periods and did not observe the first year periods that obtain in the State finances and swung into the account a portion of the 1912 financial period that had been cared for and adjusted by the last Legislature and the handling of bond issues of that period in which inability to sell certain portions of bond issues brought about their use as securities in borrowing money to meet conditions at that time while the actual bonds were not drawing interest at all.

It would take a great amount of space to fully portray the statement submitted by the State Treasurer. He says the proposition for all State funds to be mingled and used whether general or specific for current purposes is neither advisable nor possible. He makes a convincing showing as to his fair and proper dealings in the matter of deposits as between his bondsmen bankers and others banks. In passing, he pays his respects to the criticism of the Board of Internal Improvements as to bond records in a complete portrayal of the method and incidents connected with this feature.

Mr. Lacy explains the system of distributing State funds among 74 banks of the State, in every section, the banks giving surety bonds that cost them $5 per $1,000 and to exact interest would force a large number of the small banks that now have this privilege and advantage of being State depositories, to relinquish their State deposits. He says the 1911 Legislature refused to consider the interest bill for the reason that it would favor the larger banks and lead to concentration of funds. Now the banks having State deposits make no charge for handling State, departmental and institutional drafts. And the State is at no expense whatever in handling exchange. He estimates that only about $160,000 daily balance would be about all that would be subject to interest were that system adopted.

DR. LEN G. BROUGHTON GOES TO KNOXVILLE, TENN.

Minister Resigned Pastorate in London, England, to Come Back to U. S.

Knoxville Tenn., Feb. 4.—Dr. Len G. Broughton, formerly of Atlanta, Ga., who resigned the pastorate of Christ church, London, England, yesterday, has accepted a call to the pastorate of the First Baptist church, this city. His acceptance came by cable today.

KITCHIN IN MADE BIG MAN OF HOUSE

Chairman Ways and Means Commitee, Floor Leader.

FOLLOWS UNDERWOOD

Speaker Clark Also Returned to the Chair for Next Congress—Both Chosen by Acclamation Amid Applause.

Washington, Feb. 4.—Democrats elected to the House in the Sixty-fourth Congress tonight unanimously nominated Speaker Clark to succeed himself and chose Representative Claude Kitchin, of North Carolina, to become chairman of the ways and means committee and majority floor leader when Representative Underwood goes to the Senate.

Enthusiastic applause and cheering greeted the selections, both of which were by acclamation, and the speaker and Representative Kitchin responded with speeches urging Democratic harmony.

The caucus named all the reelected members of the ways and means committee and choose the following to fill vacancies:

Representatives Crisp, of Georgia; Oldfield, or Arkansas; Casey, of Pennsylvania, Allen of Ohio; McGillicuddy, of Maine and Helvering, of Kansas.

The make up of the committee follows the usual plan of having the Democratic representatives of the committee equally divided between the North and the South.

Officers of the House including Clerk South Trimble, of Kentucky Serbeat-at-arms Robert B. Gordon, of Ohio, Doorkeeper Joseph J. Sinnott, of Virginia; Chaplain Henry N. Couden and Postmaster William M. Dunbar were nominated for re-election without opposition.

In the only real contest of the evening Representative E. W. Saunders, of Virginia, was elected chairman of the caucus over Representative Martin D. Foster, of Illinois, by a vote of 108 to 86. Representative Ashbrook, of Ohio, was elected clerk of the caucus.

A resolution presented by Representative Sherley, of Kentucky authorizing the appointment of a caucus committee of seven, to devise a system of co-ordination the work of making appropriations or to formulate a budget scheme was adopted.

Washington, Feb. 4.—Two blankets marked "Idler" washed ashore at the Cape Hatteras coast guard station, were regarded today as silent proof that the vessel wrecked on Diamond Shoals last week was the yacht of that name and that her captain and crew of 12 undoubtedly perished.

GEORGIA PHYSICIAN IS SHOT DOWN BY CROWD

Charged With Assaulting Young Married Woman.

Coroner's Jury Returns Verdict of Justifiable Homicide—Citizens of Neighborhood Searched Country for Man.

Augusta, Ga., Feb. 4.—Dr. A. N. Culberson, a physician, was shot and killed early today near here, while making an alleged attempt to escape from a citizens' posse which was seeking him on the charge of assaulting a young married woman. A coroner's jury late today returned a verdict of justifiable homicide. Culberson lived at Evans, a hamlet of Augusta, and was about 35 years old.

Search for the doctor was begun last night after his alleged crime became known. He was located just before dawn in a country home near Evans, where he had gone to spend the night. Members of the posse were surrounding the house when Culberson appeared at the rear door in his night clothing and, according to evidence at the coroner's inquest, drew a revolver and attempted to fire.

A volley was fired at the doctor and he fell dead. The body was not removed until this afternoon when it was taken to the railroad station in Evans where the inquest was held.

WILL OF MISS THESIA CARLYLE TO BE CONTESTED

Caveators Allege Undue Influence Exercised by the Principal Beneficiary.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Lumberton, N. C., Feb. 4.—A caveat was filed in the office of the clerk of Superior court here this evening to the will of the late Miss Thesia Carlyle. The will, which is being contested conveys an estate of about $100,000, the principal of which under the will goes to K. M. Biggs, of Lumberton. The caveators allege undue influence on the part of Mr. Biggs in procuring the signature of Miss Carlyle, who was his aunt.

Miss Carlyle was between 60 and 70 years old at the time of her death and was a maiden sister of the late Prof. J. B. Carlyle, of Wake Forest.

The caveators are represented by S. S. Tyson, of Bennettsville, S. C., and Britt & Britt, of Lumberton.

NORTH CAROLINA GETS GOOD SLICE

More Than $250,000 in Sundry Civil Bill as Reported.

NO CUT IN WATERWAYS

Rivers and Harbors Bill as Reported to Senate Retains All N. C. Items in House Measure With Some Increases.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, D. C., Feb. 4.—North Carolina items in the Sundry Civil bill, which was reported to the House today from the committee on appropriations, contained more than a quarter of a million dollars, which will become available for use in the next fiscal year as soon as the bill passes. The items were as follows:

Burlington, commencement of postoffice, $1,000.

Gastonia, completion of postoffice, $15,000.

Kinston, completion of postoffice, $20,000.

Rocky Mount, completion of postoffice, $30,000.

Sleby, commencement of postoffice, $1,000.

Rutherfordton, site for postoffice, $5,000.

Tarboro, completion of postoffice, $25,000.

Waynesville, completion of postoffice $1,000.

Wilkesboro, continuation of postoffice and court house, $20,000.

Wilmington, custom house and appraisers' stores, continuance of works, $220,000; rent of buildings and removal expenses, $2,500.

Wilson, completion of postoffice, $15,000.

The bill also carries $700 for repair of the road leading from Newbern to the National cemetery and $300 for repairing the road leading from Salisbury to the National cemetery there.

More Money for Waterways.

The Rivers and Harbors bill as reported to the Senate today by the commerce committee retains every item in the bill as it passed the House and makes some increases. The North Carolina appropriations are as follows:

Inland waterway, Norfolk to Beaufort, continuing improvement, increased from $600,000 to $800,000.

Shallowbag Bay, maintenance, $3,600.

Beaufort and Morehead City harbors, maintenance, $25,800.

Beaufort Inlet, maintenance, $5,000.

Completing improvement Scuppernong Bay, Pamlico and Tar rivers and Fishing Creek, $45,600.

Continuing improvement and maintenance Contentnia and Smiths creeks, Neuse and Trent rivers, $35,900.

Waterway from Pamlico Sound to Beaufort Inlet, maintenance, $8,000.

Waterway connecting Core sound

(Continued on Page Eight.)

MANUFACTURERS FIGHT FIRE INSURANCE BILL

Big Delegation Heard by Committee Yesterday Afternoon.

Claim it Will Drive Factory Mutuals From Field—Another Hearing Wednesday—Prisoners' Aid Society Scores.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 4.—A big delegation of cotton mill and other factory owners were heard this evening on the question of the danger of the passage of Seawell bill in the House giving the State Department of Insurance power to fix fire insurance rates causing the factory insurance association to withdraw from the State and leave the factory people without adequate sources of insurance protection.

It was a long discussion and is to be followed on Wednesday afternoon of next week by a special hearing for a representative of the National Board of Fire Underwriters, who it is understood will make it clear to the joint committee and to the manufacturers and other business interests just where the insurance interests stand in this matter of State regulation of insurance.

Cotton mill men produced a telegram from the Factory Insurance Association that provided the bulk of the insurance for the factories in the State, stating desfinitely that if the bill passes it will be impossible for the association to continue business in North Carolina.

They argued that for the same reason the mutuals will withdraw and the manufactories will be left in disastrously unprotected condition.

The Senate committee on penal institutions voted a favorable report this afternoon for the Ward bill for providing sponsors for wayward children, a sort of juvenile court system for "big brother" supervision of wayward youths. House judiciary committee No. 2 voted a favorable report for a bill to allow $15 per month for the families of convicts on the labor of prisoners working out sentences for county or State. Both these bills are being pressed by the North Carolina Prisoners' Aid Society.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE KILLED 2ND TIME

House Follows Committees in Voting Against Bill.

SHORT LINES GET THEIRS

Bill to Repeal Long and Short Haul Clause Ready for Ratification —House Passes Thomas Resale Bill.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Febll 4.—Woman suffrage has met defeat in the House and the issue is now behind the North Carolina Legislature. This came through the adoption of a motion this afternoon to indefinitely postpone consideration. It was the bill by Roberts, of Buncombe, under consideration. The vote was 67 to 38.

Representative Page made one of the principal speeches against the bill, asserting that of five hundred women of his acquaintance in this State, there was just one who insisted that she wanted the right of the ballot and that he regarded this one woman less fitted or capable to exercise the right of the ballot than any other women of his acquaintance. He told Mr. Roberts that if those advocates of equal suffrage whom he represented would agree to stop their fight for suffrage for at least six years, if they lost in an election for suffrage that the bill was designed to provide for, he would gladly support the measure.

The House passed the Thomas bill to provide for resales of property under mortgage foreclosure where there are increased bids filed within ten days after the first sale.

The Senate pasesd the House bill for the repeal of the long and short haul clause of the Justice intra-state freight rate act and it is now ready for ratification. The Hobgood amendment was voted down 32 to 10 and then the original bill passed 35 to 7.

Senator Johnson, of Duplin, in arguing for repeal, charged that the Justice act originated in Greensboro, and that "E. J. Justice has cost the State a great deal of money, and his theories have proven ruinous in practice." Senator Gilliam said that the Justice act has cost two firms in his town $15,000. Senator Thompson, of Onslow, and others said they knew of very heavy losses the act had forced on great numbers of business men in addition to the ruin for short lines.

Land and Loan Associations.

A bill was introduced in the Senate today by Senator McRae, of Mecklenburg county, to amend the laws as to building and loan associations so as to provide for "land and loan associations," this to be done without in any way affecting or changing the laws governing the operation of the regular building and loan associations in the cities and towns.

The first section amends Section 3873 of the Revisal to include "land and loan associations." The second section of the bill amends section 3880 of the Revisal to provide an annual license of $10 for these associations to be licensed by the State Department of Insurance. Section 3 amends Section 3881, of the Revisal and specifies that the term "land and loan association" shall include all corporations that apply the building and loan principles to the uses of the rural and farmer population of the State.

Section 4 adds a clause to section 3881 of the Revisal and defines "reserve land and loan association" within the meaning of the law as composed of stock held by local building and loan associations or local land and loan associations and specifies that they shall be under the supervision of the State Department of Insurance.

Section 5 amends section 3890 to empower directors of land and loan associations to contract loans on long terms, three or more years, at least one per centum less than is charged by the associations on their loans to their share holders, to the amount of 75 per cent of the securities used by them as collateral and make short loans to share holders on their shares and personal endorsement or personal property.

Section 6 provides for the use of license fees in the expense of the supervision of the associations. Section 7, the last of the bill, also pertains to the examination and supervision by the State Department of Insurance.

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

The session of the House today was convened by Speaker Wooten.

There was another big flood of petitions for the State Anti-Saloon League legislation being asked, especially the prohibition of shipments of liquors for beverage purposes. They included petitions from Forsyth, Wake, Alamance, Mitchell, Surry, Hyde, Cherokee, Columbus, Iredell, Davie, Davidson, Guilford, Caswell, Union, Northampton, Halifax, Henderson, Green, Gaston, Pender, Randolph, Bertie, Harnett, Duplin, Haywood, Richmond, Onslow, and others.

There came also a petition for women's suffrage sent forward by Representative Mayo, of Beaufort. He stirred much merriment among the members by covering his face with his hands feining blushing embarrassment as the petition was being read to the House.

There came an unfavorable report for the bill to fix the boundary between Moore and Hoke counties. There were favorable reports for bills affecting the charters of Salisbury, Wilson and a number of smaller towns.

There was a favorable report for the bill by Brockett to raise the age of consent from 14 to 16 years, but on motion of Representative Bowie it was re-committed over the objection of Mr. Brockett.

There were unfavorable reports for bills to prohibit the sale and giving away of cigarettes in Hyde county and prevent the sale and giving away of "dime novels."

New Bills Introduced.

New bills were introduced as follows:

Renfrow—Amend the law as to pensions to widows of Confederate soldiers in the event that they re-marry.

Phillips—Repeal the law in Mitchell county as to wire fences.

Mason—Appoint justices of the peace in Northampton county.

Mayo, of Swain—Amend the 1913 law as to court stenographers.

Johnson—Amend the law as to the treasurer in Avery county.

Hanes and Mickle—Provide for the election of Forsyth county auditor. Amend the law as to chattel mortgages.

Jones—Authorize certain tax levies in Jackson county. Amend the law as to bonds in certain counties. Correct the records and relieve the sheriff of Jackson county.

McBryde—Amend the Revisal relative to Confederate pensions.

Bennett—Amend the law as to school qualifications, Revisal of 1905.

Blue—Amend the Act of 1913 as to the Stewartsville Cemetery Association.

Allred—Enlarge the Smithfield graded school district and increase tax.

Deaton—Amend the law as to compulsory attendance on schools by children 8 to 14 years old. Appoint justices of the peace in Yancey county. Amend the Yancey game laws.

Smith, of Watauga—Protect trout in Watauga streams.

Hewitt—Re-mark the State line in Brunswick county.

Stacy—Amend the Revisal of 1905 relating to weights and measures.

Leonard—Appoint justices of the peace in Thomasville township.

Passed Third Reading.

Bills passed final reading as follows:

Amend the charter of High Point.

Authorize a special tax in Alexander county for a county home.

Pay solicitors and witnesses full fees when defendants are sent to the roads.

Allow Shaw University to hold property to the value of $500,000.

Amend the charter of Mount Holly.

Amend the charter of Cherryville.

Amend the charter of Smithfield.

Amend the charter of Greensboro College for Women.

Repeal the charter of North Edenton.

Woman's Suffrage Bill.

The House took up the bill by Roberts, of Buncombe, for woman's suffrage in North Carolina, it coming up under favorable minority report from the committee. There was an effort to set it as a special order for next Tuesday morning but this failed. Bynum, of Chatham, stirring a laugh by suggesting that it should be set for 2 A. M.

Representative Roberts spoke at length for his bill, being himself opposed to setting it as a special order, but wanting immediate disposition. He expressed regret that evidently about three-fourths of the members of the House were against his bill. He did not believe that any of the opponents could satisfactorily explain to their people why they refused to let the people vote on this issue.

Representative Page said that he knew something like five hundred women in North Carolina but in all his acquaintance there was only one woman who said she wanted to vote and this woman was the least capable to vote of any woman he knew.

He said that if Mr. Roberts would furnish a guarantee from his suffrage clients that if this matter were now submitted to the vote of the people, they would abide by the result for at least six years thereafter, he would favor passing the bill and providing for the vote by the people.

Representative Benton, of Columbus county, made an especially strenuous argument against the bill, insisting that the women of North Carolina do not want the franchise, that they prefer to stay in the homes and train the boys and the girls for the responsibilities of life; that the women are now the most powerful factors in the shaping of the course and the life of the State. They did not want to get into politics. The men were proud of the type of the North Carolina women and regarded them as far superior to those types that make up the womanhood in the so-called "suffrage states". These types of women were not wanted in North Carolina.

Representative Currie said he wanted to reply to the "sharp and witty remarks" of Mrs. Al Fairbrother and warn her that if she persisted in taking the second bite from the fruit of knowledge as she had so strikingly expressed it in her talk before the committee Tuesday, "the second fall" would be far worse than the first.

Mr. King, of Nash, argued for suffrage and said he had no fear of spoiling the womanhood of the State through the power to vote.

Representative Doughton moved that there be indefinite postponement of further consideration of the bill and that this be done without cutting off debate at the present time. He regarded the members of the House as having made up their minds as to how they would vote.

Mr. Roberts charged that this was an effort to avoid going on record as to how members stood as to the vote on the bill. Mr. Doughton insisted that this was not the case and that he would gladly give the roll call vote on the question of indefinite postponement. This was done and the vote was 67 to 38 for indefinite postponement, which means that the issue is dead in the House for this session.

The House passed the bill for a vote in Pender county on repeal of the stock law; also the Thomas bill for second or re-sales of mortgaged property.

The House adjourned to 10:30 o'clock Friday morning.

SENATE PROCEEDINGS.

The Senate was convened by President Daughtridge.

There was an indefinite leave of absence for Senator Harding who is called home on account of illness in his family.

There was another long array of petitions for the State Anti-Saloon League bill to stop importation of liquors for beverage purposes.

New Bills Introduced.

New bills were introduced as follows:

Gardner—Abolish the office of county treasurer in Cleveland county.

Dixon—Amend the law authorizing the commissioners of Gastonia to issue bonds.

Snow—Create a school district in Middle Creek township, Wake county.

Cooper—Create a $100,000 fund in Wilmington, $50,000 of the amount to be loaned to citizens for connecting with water works and sewers and $50,000 to be loaned to assist citizens in building sidewalks.

Snow—For the relief of the inmates of the Soldier's Home.

McRae—Provide for land and loan associations and adapt the building and loan law to the needs of the rural sections of the State. This is a companion bill for the one providing for a rural credits division of the State Department of Agriculture.

Johnson, of Duplin—Provide for the erection of a monument to Confederate soldiers in Bur aw.

Passed Third Reading.

Bills passed final reading as follows:

Authorize the Elkin graded school district to issue bonds.

Amend the charter of Newbern.

The House bill to repeal the long and short haul clause of the Justice intrastate freight act came up as unfinished business with the Hobgood amendment to limit the suspension of the clause to those freight rates that are on freights handled in part of transit by the "short lines" of railroad. Another long season of argument was launched.

The Senate took up the unfinished business of consideration of the House bill for the repeal of the long and short haul clause of the Justice intra-state freight rate act with the Hobgood amendment to limit the suspension of the clause to those freights in which the short lines participate in the transportation.

Senator Thompson stated to the Senate that he voted yesterday for the amendment to the House bill, but that he wished now to be understood to be in favor of the passage of the bill from the House unamended.

Senator Nash argued that the repeal of the clause would have the effect of oppressing the "intermediate points" between terminals in those special rate hauls and he favored the amendment as affording protection to these intermediate points and at the same time giving relief that the short lines are clamoring for.

Senator Snow argued that the Hobgood amendment would give the relief that the short lines needed.

Senator Ward said he drew the bill under consideration without regard to any railroad.

Senator White, in connection with asking a number of questions, stirred mirth by claiming "to be the equal in ignorance of rate making of any senator on the floor." He advocated the repeal of the clause. He found that shippers and railroad men are both protesting now against the Justice act. He insisted that the Legislature should not allow theory to stand in the face of ruin. He knew short lines were losing heavily and he knew of many shippers who were also losers through the Justice act.

Senator Johnson, of Duplin, said that the Justice bill originated in Greensboro and about the only opposition to its repeal was now coming from the Greensboro Chamber of Commerce. "Mr. Ed. Justice," he said, "has cost the State a great deal of money and his theories have proven ruinous in practice." He recited a great number of burdensome entanglements that had resulted from the operation of his bill.

Senator Weaver argued against any repeal of the long and short haul clause and he thought the advantages afforded by the Justice act were tremendous.

Senator Thompson, of Onslow, said he knew nothing of freight rate making, but he did know as to the operation of the Justice act, that he is new paying 24 cents as freight of a certain class from Newbern to his home that formerly cost him 16 cents.

Senator McNider argued at length against the bill.

Senator Hobgood took issue with Senator Thompson as to his arguments, but said he would not reply to the attack made by Senator Johnson, of Duplin, on E. J. Justice, Greensboro, and Guilford county, declaring that E. J. Justice is the peer of any man who has been in politics in North Carolina for 25 years. He said the pending bill really ought to be entitled "A bill to restore to the railroads of North Carolina the strangle hold on the people of North Carolina."

Senator Gilliam said that the Justice bill was not gotten through the Senate last session in really due form, but that the schedule of the freight rates sought to be put through came over next day and had to be later attached to the act, and that the special commission had found that over 95 per cent. of these rates that the Justice bill sought to fix were unjust and confiscatory. He said that the Justice act has cost two firms in his town $15,000 annually. He wanted the House bill passed without amendment. He had confidence in the ability of the Corporation Commission to deal justly as between the shippers and the railroad companies.

Senator Bumgarner, Republican said almost every man in his district had asked him to help repeal the long and short haul clause.

Senator Ward answered Senator Weaver to the effect that he was mistaken about the Interstate Commerce Commission having ruled against the principles sought to be restored by the repeal of the long and haul clause. He told of great benefit that must come to even the mountain roads in the repeal of the clause. The Justice bill had been put through as a steam roller. The people wanted lower rates but they did not want the long and short haul clause.

Senator McLeod argued for the House bill unamended.

The Senate voted 32 to 10 against the Hobgood amendment and then passed the House bill unamended 35 to 7. It was ordered enrolled for ratification.

The Senate adjourned to 10:30 Friday morning.

CARRANZA PLANS FOR MORE TROUBLE

Threatens to Deport Spanish Minister From Mexico.

GIVEN 24 HOURS ONLY

Unless Spanish Subject Being Sought is Found Within Twenty-Four Hours Minister Must Go—Hiding in Embassy.

Washington, Feb. 4.—General Carranza has threatened to deport the Spanish minister at Mexico City unless he produces within 24 hours Angel Del Caso, a Spaniard, who claims to be an agent of the Spanish government, but whom Carranza charges with being active in the services of General Villa. This information reached here today in a private telegram from Mexico City, which said Del Caso was supposed to be hiding in the Spanish legation.

The incident recalls General Carranza's experience last September with the Belgian minister to Mexico, who, because of the severity of his representations concerning Belgian concessions, was deported, notwithstanding the intervention of American Consul Silliman and the Brazilian minister.

The Carranza agency here issued a statement based on advices from Mexico City as follows:

"General Alvaro Obregon has issued an order for the arrest of Angel Del Caso, who has been intimately connected with the Villaista movement and who at one time called himself Villa's personal representative in Washington, D. C. Later he was with Villa in Chihuahua and Zacatecas busying himself in revolutionary affairs. In Mexico City, on account of his wide acquaintanceship he was able to designate for Villa prominent people who, after they were arrested or threatened with arrest would pay ransom or blackmail.

Was Working for Villa.

"While he was doing this nefarious work for Villa, he attempted to pose as the confidential agent of the Spanish government.

"It is thought that Del Caso is in hiding and will endeavor to take refuge behind the plea that he is a Spanish citizen and shield himself with the flag of the Spanish legation. Del Caso when apprehended will be given a fair trial."

FIFTY-EIGHT LAWYERS ARE GRANTED LICENSE

That Many Successful in Supreme Court Examination.

List of the Successful Ones Made Public Last Night—Several from Pender and Other Eastern Carolina Counties.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 4.—The Supreme Court makes public the list of 58 successful applicants for law license from the class examined Monday as follows:

Chas. C. Smathers, Haywood county; Waverly A. Rudisill, Lincoln; Geo. C. Pennell, Buncombe; Leon S. Brassfields, Wake; Julius C. Smith, Guilford; I. Seavy Bowen, Pender; Louis B. Meyer, Halifax; Robt. B. Green, Rutherford; Robt. R. Ingram, Stanly; Calvin M. Adams, Iredell; Burwell D. Critcher, Martin; Jeter McK. Pritchard, Buncombe; Paul S. Herring, Sampson; Roy C. Causey, Pitt; Richard H. Lewis, Lenoir; John A. Abernethy, Mecklenburg; Herbert J. Singleton, Robeson; Chas. H. Gover, Henderson; Wm. F. Ward, Craven; Wilson H. Lee, Norfolk, Va.; Edward J. Knott, Clarkston, Va.; Jesse H. Davis, Carteret; Geo. E. Kelleher, Manhattan Borough, N. Y.; Geo. W. Brady, Bladen; John R. Hood, Wake; Victor R. Johnson, Chatham; VanB. Journey, Iredell; Jesse H. Scott, Chatham; Miss Mattie Theodocia Ham, Wayne; Mathew A. Stroup, Gaston; Dallas C. Kirby, Forsyth; Leslie E. Jones, Hyde; Robt. A. Freeman, Surry; Ira C. Moser, Alamance; Cyrus R. Wharton, Guilford; Robt. W. Winston, Jr., Wake; Howell R. Keyser, Orange; Paul F. McKane, Mecklenburg; Young Z. Parker, Nash; James M. Daniel, Jr., Davidson; Henry A. Whitfield, Wayne; Joseph M. Turbyfill, Haywood; Chas. D. Coffey, Jr., Wilkes; Lauchlin McNeill Pender; Joseph S. Cowles, Wilkes; Augustine W. McNair, Edgecombe; Jos. G. Dawson, Craven; James M. Waggoner, Rowan; Moses S. Strickland, Halifax; James A. Burnett, Buncombe; Leroy B. Wall, Forsyth; Jas. Hayner, Johnston; Burr C. Brock, Davie; Marshall T. Spears, Harnett; Curtis Bynum, Buncombe; Andrew V. Groupe, Philadelphia, Pa.; Benjamin C. Trotter, Rockingham; Milton E. Rohleder, Mecklenburg.

"The Thinkers of the Country Are the Tobacco Chewers"—

said one of the greatest thinkers this country ever produced.

Says the Carpenter:

"Every time you see a good joint, it means some carpenter has put in some clear thought and followed it up with a steady, sure hand.

"It's when you have a *ticklish* job to do that you need a chew of PICNIC TWIST to "whet" brain and hand to a cutting edge without any dulling after effect."

You can take chew after chew of PICNIC TWIST and get all the uplift without that after effect of heavy, dark tobacco.

Only the mild mellow part of the leaf goes into this *soft*, convenient twist. That's the secret of its sweet, *long-lasting* flavor and its extraordinary mildness.

PIC NIC TWIST 5¢

CHEWING TOBACCO

"The Thinkers of the Country Are the Tobacco Chewers"

You can also get PICNIC TWIST in 50c freshness-preserving drums of 11 twists.

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FIRST IN THE HEARTS OF OUR CUSTOMERS!

That's the position our store holds today—a position gained only by a broad policy of Honest Merchandise and Fair Dealings.

Never a misrepresentation of Values!

Couldn't do it and build our business to what it is today!

We never forget the fact that with every sale we make we must make a customer.

This is the guiding principle of this establishment.

A quality-retaining stock, priced on a customer-retaining basis.

The sweetness of low prices seldom equals the bitterness of poor quality.

L. B. SASSER

THE MISSION PHARMACY.

BLACK WHITE TAN 2 in 1 ALL DEALERS 10¢

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EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Having this day qualified as Executor of the Last Will and Testament of Gabriel James Boney, deceased, notice is hereby given to all parties having claims against the estate of said testator to present the same, duly verified, to the undersigned, on or before January 22nd, 1916, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

Dated this January 21st, 1915.

THE WILMINGTON SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY,
Executor of the Last Will and Testament of Gabriel James Boney.
ja22-1aw6w

TAKE SALTS TO FLUSH KIDNEYS

Eat Less Meat, if You Feel Backachy or Bladder Troubles You—Salts is Fine for Kidneys.

Meat forms uric acid, which excites and overworks the kidneys in their efforts to filter it from the system. Regular eaters of meat must flush the kidneys occasionally. You must relieve them like you relieve your bowels; removing all the acids, waste and poison, else you feel a dull misery in the kidney region, sharp pains in the back or sick headache, dizziness, your stomach sours, tongue is coated and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine is cloudy, full of sediment; the channels often get irritated, obliging you to get up two or three times during the night.

To neutralize these irritating acids and flush off the body's urinous waste get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any pharmacy; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days, and your kidneys will then act fine and bladder disorders disappear. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to clean and stimulate sluggish kidneys and stop bladder irritation. Jad Salts is inexpensive; harmless and makes a delightful effervescent lithia water drink which millions of men and women take now and then, thus avoiding serious kidney and bladder diseases.

Care in the making—plus finest materials—mean quality in

Huyler's

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Our Sales Agents in Wilmington are
Warren Candy Co. Jno. W. Plummer, Jr.

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MOORE'S PURE HOUSE COLORS

Represent The Higbest Development Arrived at In Modern Paint Making

To The Consumer.

Their use means greater economy of labor and material, better protective value, and higher class results throughout than can be obtained with any other paint.

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Ar. Florence	7:30P.M.	9:20A.M.
Ar. Atlanta	6:00A.M.	.....
Ar. Montgomery	11:30A.M.	.....
Ar. New Orleans	8:55P.M.	.....
Lv. Wilmington	3:45P.M.	5:25A.M.
Lv. Florence	7:05P.M.	9:40A.M.
Ar. Jacksonville	7:15A.M.	7:20P.M.
Ar Tampa	4:00P.M.	6:45A.M.
Ar. St. Petersburg	8:30P.M.	8:00A.M.
Ar. Fort Myers	10:30P.M.	12:05P.M.

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Star Business Locals Get Results.

WANT SQUARE DEAL FOR THE TOWNS AND CITIES

Legislation Asked For by Carolina Municipal Association

As Set Forth by Legislative Sub-Committee, of Which Mayor J. D. McNeill is Chairman—Want Better Share of Funds.

To the Editor of The Star:

At the last meeting of the Carolina Municipal Association, in Charlotte last May, one of the most important matters discussed was the necessity for more recognition by our State and county authhorities, to the needs of our towns and cities, from a revenue standpoint.

Under existing conditions, the towns and cities of the State are looked upon as mere assets for the State and counties to feed upon.

When the present Constitution was framed, there was really not a city in the State—only a few towns—North Carolina was practically a large rural community. Quite naturally, the county therefore was made the unit of government, both political and governmental, the towns and cities, being merely the creatures of the Legislature. To the county was given the sole power to make assessments, levy taxes, and disburse the same as it pleased, the State also receiving its portion from the same assessments, upon property in town and county alike.

The county recognizes its duty to build and maintain the roads and bridges or maintain its own thoroughfares or bridges, when they happen to be within the corporate limits of any town or city in the State. It also recognizes its duty to preserve the peace and maintain order in the county, but all the same the towns and cities are not only compelled to maintain their own police force and courts, but they are compelled to also turn over to the county all of the fines, forfeitures, etc., from the proceeds of such courts. The county also recognizes its duty to preserve the health of the county, but it does not recognize any obligation at all to look after the health of the city.

Still, the property in the towns and cities is taxed for county purposes just the same as all other property in the country. A moment's thought by any fair-minded man, whether he lives in the town or country, will show him how unjust and unfair those conditions are to the property owner and taxpayer in the towns and cities. For instance, the city of Charlotte pays about 75 per cent of the entire county tax of Mecklenburg county; the cities of Greensboro and High Point pay even a greater amount of the county tax of Guilford county; the city of Raleigh and the other incorporated towns in the county, pay the bulk of the taxes of Wake county, and so throughout the entire State, for which they receive no municipal return at all. These are the conditions under which we are living today.

To properly present these matters to the general public and to the Legislature, at its present session a special legislative committee was appointed at the Charlotte meeting, composed of the mayors and city attorneys of Charlotte, Greensboro, Winston-Salem, Raleigh, Henderson, Rocky Mount, Goldsboro, Tarboro, Newbern, Wilmington, Lillington and Fayetteville, which committee met in Raleigh on the 20th of last month, decided upon what we wanted and appointed a sub-committee to present our claims to the proper committees of the Senate and House for their consideration. This is now being done.

The joint committee on finance granted us a hearing on last Friday evening, when the matters affecting municipal license taxes was quite thoroughly discussed. We are especially asking on this line: That section 31 of the present Machinery Act be eliminated entirely in the future. It reads as follows: "On each and every practicing lawyer, physician, dentist, oculist, photographer, optician, osteopath, architect, optometrist, veterinary surgeon, accountant, fire insurance adjuster, electrical engineer, civil engineer, or any person practicing any professed art of healing, for fee or reward, the sum of five dollars. On traveling tin-typists, twenty five dollars. Provided, Further, that no city, town or county shall levy an additional license tax under this section. Said license tax when paid in one county shall be good in every other county of the State."

As all of these professions and occupations are almost entirely dependent upon being located in, and are the beneficiaries of the towns and cities, we feel that they should not be exempted, but should be classed along with the other occupations doing business in the corporate limits, such as merchants, millers, ginners, butchers, bakers, barbers, blacksmiths, plumbers, contractors, hackmen, hucksters, undertakers, boot-blacks, etc., all of whom are required to pay special privilege taxes to do business and to help bear the burdens of municipal expenses, while they certainly do not derive as much benefit from their community privileges as do these who are now enjoying exemption from similar taxes. As a matter of fact, I believe that every one of these exempted persons would much rather pay his tax to the city in which he lives than to the State. As a further proof of the fairness of our claims, the repeal of this section was urged before the committee by four prominent lawyers, who realize the injustice to the towns and cities in which they live by this very exemption clause. Our legal friends may claim to be of themselves special privileged persons, but surely the doctor, dentist, oculist and all of the others cannot make so unreasonable a claim.

As a final and conclusive reason why this section should be repealed, it was clearly shown to the finance committee that the State is not, nor has not been collecting 50 per cent of this tax; while at the same time it forbids us from so doing. We are asking for the repeal of this section, not as a special favor, but as an act of common justice to those of our citizens who are now compelled to bear the burden of municipal expenses, whilst these favored ones are exempted. We feel that all should be taxed equally or all should be exempted.

As shown above in this article, in the counties where our leading towns and cities are located, the property in those places is paying a very large percentage of the county road and bridge taxes and are receiving practically nothing in return. We are therefore asking for legislation that will give to these towns and cities a sum of not less than 30 per cent of the money that they pay into this fund, to be used in maintaining the bridges and county thoroughfares that lead into and through their corporate limits; the remaining 70 per cent to be used as heretofore for the benefit of the entire county. Surely this ought to commend itself to every fair-minded man when the counties issue bonds for roads, the city pays its full share of this expense, and asks nothing. However, when the city issues bonds for its street improvement, the county pays nothing, though the people of the county use the streets all the same as part of the county thoroughfare.

We are also asking for the establishment of a reformatory for those unfortunate females who are such a menace to our Christian civilization. We have provided for the deaf, dumb, blind, insane, feeble minded and criminals generally, but there is no provision in our laws of today to care for or to either reform or punish the most to be pitied of any other class of our unfortunate citizenship.

We are also asking that we be allowed to collect from such corporations as the telephone, the telegraph and express companies a local privilege tax, in a measure commensurate with the privilege that they enjoy and cannot exist without. The business of these companies is almost entirely dependent upon being located in the towns and cities of the State. They enjoy every privilege, such as paved streets, police and fire protection, light, water and sewerage and the great "community" privilege of having their customers right at their doors. They don't look to the State or county for business, except incidentally, but to the towns and cities in which they are located, and therefore we think that they should pay to use towns and cities of North Carolina as much as they pay to the towns and cities of our neighboring State of Virginia.

We feel that in making all of the above requests from the Legislature, that we are certainly well within the bounds of fairness, justice and a square deal to all interests.

This is 1915, not 1868. North Carolina is not today a "rural community", but is a great State with scores of splendid, progressive and ambitious towns and cities within its borders. In those cities and towns you will find a large per cent of the commercial, the financial, the industrial, and we may say the political wealth of the State.

It is to the interest of those living in the country as well as those living in the cities, to build up these municipalities. To do this, they should have an equal showing with the towns and cities of other states.

We are simply asking the Legislature to recognize the changed conditions of today as compared with those of 50 years ago.

We respectfully ask every good citizen, to give these facts their careful consideration and the benefit of their influence with our law makers.

Respectfully,

JAS. D. McNEILL, Chm.
CHAS. A. BLAND,
THOS. J. MURPHY,
O. B. EATON,
CHAS. E. JOHNSON,
J. R. BAGGETT,
JOHN W. HINSDALE, JR.
Sub-Committee, Carolina Municipal Association.

FARM DEMONSTRATORS MEET

Forty or More of Them in Annual State Convention at Newbern This Week. Features.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Newbern, N. C., Feb. 4. — Forty or more farm demonstrators from all parts of North Carolina gathered in Newbern yesterday to attend the Farm Demonstrators' Convention, which is being held here this week. The opening session was held last evening in the Chamber of Commerce rooms and in addition to the large number of demonstrators, the city was well represented.

The address of welcome was made by Mayor Albert H. Bangert. In welcoming the demonstrators the Mayor praised the great work they are doing and the immense value being derived from the same by the farmers.

The response was made by R. W. Freeman, district agent, who told of the object of the convention, and of the results which would be derived from it. He was followed by Hon. S. M. Brinson, who welcomed the visitors in behalf of the Newbern chamber of commerce. Mr. Brinson took the place of President C. L. Ives, who was unavoidably detained. The response to this welcome was made by C. R. Hudson, the state agent.

J. W. Stewart, one of the leading business men of the city and the owner of several of the largest farms in the county, was called upon by the chairman to make a few remarks and in behalf of the business men of the city he made a most interesting and highly beneficial talk.

At the conclusion of Mr. Stewart's address, the regular business was taken up. C. R. Hudson, State Demonstration Agent, submitted his annual report and this, in full, was read.

The next event was an address by Mr. Meloy, of the Department of Agriculture at Washington, on "The Duties and Functions of Demonstration Agents, and the Growing of Cotton Under the Old and New Systems." This address, which was illustrated with colored lantern slides, was thoroughly enjoyed.

STILL DRAGGING FOR BODIES.

Section of the Yacht Julia All That Has Been Found.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Newbern, N. C., Feb. 4. — Searching parties dragging Shoal Point river off Englehard for the bodies of J. W. Murray, of Burlington; Mrs. W. E. Porch, of Beaufort, and G. P. Dodson, of Norfolk, Va., who lost their lives when the yacht "Julia" went down two weeks ago in that locality, have found a section of the boat. A week ago a chain especially constructed for dragging purposes, was taken to the scene of the tragedy and it was with this that the section of the "Julia" brought to light was located. This part of the boat was charred by the flames and had broken off from the section in which the engine was located. It was found several hundred yards from the point at which the craft was anchored when the fire occurred. Dragging for the bodies is yet going on.

L. B. DAIL AT GOLDSBORO.

Man Reported Mysteriously Disappeared from Mt. Olive Believed Safe.

Goldsboro, N. C., Feb. 4.—Mr. L. B. Dail, a real estate and insurance representative of Mount Olive, who, it is reported, mysteriously disappeared from his home in that town, has been seen in this city by friends, who do not believe he has happened to any harm, or that he has drowned himself as reported. This makes the second disappearance reported from that section recently, the former being Rev. Chas. E. Orton, who has not been heard of since.

Don't you want to make biscuits like this?

—browned perfectly on top, without being baked hard;
—a top crust that is velvety in texture;
—white as snow inside, breaking open with an appetizing softness;
—and so light in weight that you wonder how they can be made.
That is exactly the kind of biscuits made with

Cottolene

The one great test of any shortening is with biscuits.

Use Cottolene—use a third less than of any ordinary shortening. It creams up quickly; it mixes easily; it blends perfectly with the flour.

It bakes wonderfully, and when you have enjoyed biscuits made with Cottolene you will be ready to believe that it is easily the finest cooking fat you ever used, and you will use it for all your shortening, frying and cake making.

Your grocer has Cottolene now

Your grocer will deliver a pail of Cottolene to you today. Arrange with him for a regular weekly supply. Thus he can always deliver Cottolene to you—pure, sweet and clean from original sources to finished product.

Write to our General Offices, Chicago, for our *real cook book*—"HOME HELPS"—mailed free on request.

THE N.K. FAIRBANK COMPANY

Cottolene makes good cooking better

SPORTS

I. C. RULES COMMITTEE MEETS IN N. Y. TODAY

No Radical Changes in Football Rules

Will Consider Matters of Numbering Players, Setting Back of Goal Posts and Forward Pass. Other Matters.

New York, Feb. 4.—The annual meeting of the Inter-Collegiate Football Rules Committee, will be held in this city tomorrow. The members, representing a majority of the colleges and universities of the country, are not expected to advocate radical amendments or new rules, but there will be several changes in the phraseology of the code in order to aid interpretation.

Suggestions and discussion relative to the forward pass, numbering players, setting back of goal posts, the kick out following touchdown and substitution of players will occupy the attention of the committee during the two days' session. What action, if any, is to be taken on these points, cannot be forecast, but any resolutions adopted will not radically alter the game, it is said. Reports from all portions of the United States last season, convinced the committee that the game as played under the present rules was satisfactory to both participants and spectators.

Members of the committee are: E. K. Hall, Dartmouth, chairman; Walter Camp Yale secretary; Dr. J. A. Babbitt, Haverford; Dr. Carl Williams, Pennsylvania; Percy Haughton, Harvard; Paul Dashiel, Annapolis; Harris G. Cope, Sewanee; Parke H. Davis, Princeton; Lieut. D. I. Sultan, West Point; C. W. Savage, Oberlin; S. C. Williams, Iowa; A. A. Stagg, Chicago; Dr. H. L. William,s Minnesota; Captain J. W. Beacham, Cornell.

U. S. LAWN TENNIS ASSN. MEETS IN NEW YORK TODAY.

Will Decide Location of 1915 Championship Tournament.

New York, Feb. 4.—This year's annual meeting of the United States National Lawn Tennis Association will convene here tomorrow. The body will decide where the 1915 National championship tournament will be held.

For the past 34 years National titles have been won and lost at Newport, R. I., but there is a strong demand among local clubs and players that the venue be changed to the West Side Tennis club's courts at Forest Hills, L. I., this year.

Owing to the European war the question of the advisability of issuing a challenge to Australia for Davis cup matches this year will be a matter of earnest discussion.

NATIONAL COMMISSION REVERSED FINDING OF NATIONAL BOARD

Allowed Former Manager Matthews, of Va. League, Back Salary.

Cincinnati, Feb. 4.—The National Comission today reversed a finding by the National Board and awarded $291.63 against the Newport News Club, of the Virginia State League in favor of former Manager Harry Matthews, of that club. The board had denied the award.

Matthew's claim for salary from August 1 last, the day he was released until September 12, 1914, the day his contract is alleged to have expired, was disallowed by the National Board, but after reviewing the evidence, the commission ruled that the above amount should be forthcoming to the manager for his release was not in accordance with the terms of the contract.

WORLD CHAMPIONS' MANAGER ILL AT HIS PLANTATION

Is Not Dangerous, But Will Be Confined Some Days.

Macon, Ga., Feb. 4.—George T. Stalling manager of the Boston National League club, is ill at his plantation near here. His attending physician said tonight that Mr. Stallings' condition was not serious, but that it probably would be a week before he had completely recovered.

WILLIE RITCHIE TO MEET FREDDIE WELSH IN NEW YORK.

In a Ten-Round Bout, March 11th, at Madison Square Garden.

Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 4.—Willie Ritchie, former lightweight champion, signed articles here today to meet Freddie Welch, present title holder, in a ten-round bout at Madison Square Garden, New York, the afternoon of March 11. Ritchie agreed to weigh 135 pounds.

TEN BOOKMAKERS FINED IN LOUISVILLE COURT.

Other Indictments Against Them Filed "For Future Reference."

Louisville, Ky., Feb. 4.—Ten men were fined a total of $5,000 in criminal court here today on pleas of guilty to operating handbooks in Louisville. Samuel Dinkelspiel and Lawrence Starr were fined $1,500 each. The other fines ranged from $100 to $500.

Other indictments against the defendants were filed away to insure enforcement of their agreement to discontinue the books.

BASKETBALL TONIGHT

Two Games by Commercial League in Y. M. C. A. Gymnasium.

There will be two basketball games at the Y. M. C. A. tonight when Baxters and Jacobi will mix things and Elvington & Mintz will meet the National Woolen Mills. The first game will be between the Commercial League leaders. While the second game will be between the tailenders it promises to be just as interesting as the first, for Elvington & Mintz have added two exceptionable fast men to their line-up. If Baxters win, they will strengthen their lead, while if Jacobi wins the latter will split even with their competitors.

SOMETHING FOR YOU

Our clearance sale is our way of doing something special for our customers.

Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes are Always So Good That Lower Prices on Them Makes Them Extra Value.

We do ourselves good at the same time; get our fall and winter goods out of the way of spring.

Regular Price.	Clearance Price.
$35.00	$28.50
$27.50	$23.50
$25.00	$21.50
$23.50	$19.75
$22.50	$18.75
$21.00	$17.50
$20.00	$16.50
$18.00	$14.50
$17.00	$13.50
$15.00	$11.50

Watch our show windows for special values on Underwear, Sweaters, Bathrobes and Flannel Shirts.

The A. David Company

Custom Tailors, Clothiers and Haberdashers

Why Put Off and Wait Think of It!

20% OFF

ON ALL WINTER SUITS AND OVERCOATS
FOR MEN AND CHILDREN
A SAVING OF MANY A DOLLAR ON THE BEST READY TO WEAR CLOTHES.

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No. 9 North Front Street — Phone 617

5000 Western Cartridge Co. Shells
4000 kegs Nails
1000 bundles Cotton Ties
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3000 lbs. Fence Brads
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Also all kinds of canned goods usually carried by Wholesale Grocers. Call or write for our prices, before buying elsewhere.

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WILMINGTON, N. C.
'Phone 1494-W. P. O. Box 534

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE OF LANDS.

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed executed by Wilmington Door and Lumber Company to C. N. Evans, President, Trustee, dated Marth 18th, 1912, and recorded in Book 68, page 107, in the office of the Register of Deeds of New Hanover County, default having been made in the payment of the debt thereby secured, the undersigned will, on Monday, the 15th day of February, 1915, at 12 o'clock M., at the court house door, in New Hanover county, expose to sale for cash, at public auction, to the highest bidder, the following described tracts or parcels of land:

First Tract.

Beginning at a point in the western line of Front street 132 feet North of the northern line of Ann street, and running thence northwardly along said western line of Front street 66 feet; thence westwardly and parallel with Ann street to the channel or deep water said channel or deep water of the Cape Fear River southwardly and parallel with Front street 66 feet to the northern line of Lot No. 5, in Block 125, of said city; thence eastwardly and parallel with Ann street to the western line of Front street, the point of beginning. The same being that tract or parcel of land conveyed by one A. M. Prince to Brunswick Wood and Coal Company by deed bearing date January the 7th, 1911, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for New Hanover County, and conveyed by Brunswick Wood and Coal Company to Wilmington Door and Lumber Company, as will appear by reference to the Public Records of New Hanover County.

Second Tract.

Beginning at a point in the northern line of Meares street 183 feet East of the eastern line of Fourth street, and running thence along said line of Meares street 33 feet in an easterly direction; thence North and parallel with Fifth street 87 feet to the old Coalfield (Francis Morris) line; thence along said line in a westwardly direction 33 feet; thence southwardly and parallel with Fifth street 87 feet to the northern line of Meares street, the point of beginning. The same being part of Lots 5 and 6, in Block 20, according to the official plan of the City of Wilmington.

Third Tract.

All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in Cape Fear Township, on the East side, in the County of New Hanover and State of North Carolina, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a cypress, on the West side of Cat Fish Creek, a small distance above an old field; thence with the lower line or a tract formerly owned by Samuel Ashe, west 220 poles to a cypress on said Cat Fish Creek, near its head; thence same course 103 poles to the North West River; thence down the River so as to measure in a due South line 95 poles; thence from said River due East 336 poles to Cat Fish Creek; thence up said Creek 35 poles; thence due East 75 poles to a stake on the Sand Hill; thence North 12 degrees West 62 poles; thence West 80 poles to Cat Fish Creek, opposite the Fish Station, containing by estimation 222¼ acres, of which twenty-five acres is high land.

One tract situate in said County of New Hanover, on the South side of Cat Fish Creek, in the upper part of the bend, beginning at a cypress on the Creek between the line of the land which formerly belonged to Samuel Ashe and Thos. C. Reston; thence with their line East 84 poles to the corner of said Ashe's line, or rather his old center ditch; thence with said Center Ditch North 2 poles; thence East 30 poles to the corner by the side of the Creek; thence West to the Creek, and thence up the Creek to the beginning, containing 9½ acres.

One tract situate in said County of New Hanover, on said North West River, and Cat Fish Creek, beginning on the River, on the lower corner of the tract on said Creek first above described, thence East 60 poles; thence South 129 poles to the River; thence up the River to the beginning, containing 60 acres of Tide Swamp.

Also eight acres of Sand Hill situate in said County of New Hanover, on Cat Fish Creek, beginning on the Creek at what was formerly known as the Reston lower corner; thence down the creek 20 poles; thence East and back adjoining the western line for its compliment. The last mentioned four tracts of land, described under "Third Tract" herein, being the same lands conveyed by E. P. H. Strunck and wife to Brunswick Wood & Coal Company by deed bearing date June 12, 1909, and duly recorded in the office of Register of Deeds for New Hanover County, in Book 58, page 458, et seq., and reference is hereby made to said deed for the description therein contained, and the same being conveyed by the Brunswick Wood & Coal Company to the Wilmington Door & Lumber Company, by proper deed of conveyance, as the Public Records of New Hanover County will show.

Dated and posted this 13th day of January, 1915.

C. N. EVANS, President,
Trustee.

By Atlantic Trust and Banking Company, Assignee.
ROBERT RUARK, Attorney.
ja13-30d

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC., Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the county at $6 per year, $3 for six months; $1.50 for three months; or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $7.00 per year, $3.50 for six months, $1.75 for three months.

THE SUNDAY STAR by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate and like matter will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51. Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1915.

In order to make money fly, all you have to do is to turn it loose.

Shakespeare wrote "Taming of the Shrew," but there is no record that she remained tame.

A lot of men kick when they have no more reason for it than a mule when he kicks because he can.

Yes, Mabel, all editors "speak right out in meeting," but it has to be a meeting which is not disposed to turn into a riot.

The farmer is advised to hold his wheat, but who is going to hold the farmer when the price jumps up to $1.65 a bushel?

The principal reason why men with millions happen to be connected with all the big enterprises is that they had money to invest.

"The mother-in-law had more to say than anyone else." Of course, and also sure Mike, if she were there and it seems that she was.

In the days of his youth a man gets a violent scented valentine. When he gets old and crusty he gets a valentine which typifies a lemon.

We always suspected it. The Supreme Court of the United States as good as says there is a woman in the case when the Mann act is on the programme.

Democrats are dissatisfied because there are not enough offices to go around, while Republicans are awfully disgruntled because the offices go clear around them.

The Washington Post says "The Democratic party is in no shape to make its debut for the season of 1916." Evidently The Post has not carefully read President Wilson's Indianapolis speech.

It was Froude to whom credit is given for saying: "Ignorance is the dominion of absurdity." We see proof of it on all sides. That is why some of the contentions in certain communities are deplorably absurd.

The Savannah Morning News says "the groundhog must have seen his shadow." Wherever the groundhog is extinct, the endseat hog saw his—a sign just as good, although the endseat hog never goes in his hole.

A Kansas man shot into a locomotive under the hallucination that it was a bird. He was crazy, of course, but he might as well have mistaken the locomotive for a woman because it sweeps through the country with a train.

Secretary Bryan has written a long statement setting forth that a hydroaeroplane is not a war vessel. However, if one is used as a war vessel, it would seem to be one. A freight ship isn't a war vessel, but when it is put to war uses, it probably becomes a ranoe.

The war censors do some things that seem queer to a layman. While off the Irish coast, Admiral Jellicoe, commander of the British fleet, had to come ashore to get a dentist to attend to his teeth. A correspondent desired to cable an incident connected with it, but the British censor cut it out. That might seem absurd. It isn't. It would have made known to the enemy that the fleet was in the Irish sea.

The majority of men permit us to become citizens. That is the reason our lady friends are asking of men the right to vote. The power which lies in the majority can be used to prevent either men or women from voting, except under such restrictions as the majority shall decree. It does not matter how old a man is, he never is "a qualified voter" till he qualifies himself by complying with all the laws regulating suffrage—even to registering to secure his right. The majority decrees that men may vote if they register. We may vote, and even then not be absolutely sure that it is counted.

THE LEGISLATURE—30 DAYS GONE.

When the two houses of the General Assembly adjourned yesterday, one-half of the allotted 60-days session had been rounded out. So far as final disposition of proposed measures is concerned, comparatively little has been done. If the record of accomplishment during the latter half of the session should not exceed that for the first half, the Legislature of 1915 would make a record as a "do-nothing" body that has not been made in the legislative halls at Raleigh in many long years.

However, it must be remembered that the bulk of the actual legislative work on the floors of the Senate and House is usually done during the last 20 days of the session. Moreover, a large proportion of the volume of legislative work is done not on the floors of the two houses, but in the committee rooms. There is evidence that the various committees, especially those dealing with the larger matters of legislation, have been busy now for some time, the finance committees for instance, getting bills in shape to be presented to the Senate and House for their action.

While this Legislature will hardly deserve to be characterized as a "do-nothing" body, it is apparent that there is a well defined disposition toward unusual conservatism, due largely perhaps to the abnormal conditions brought about by the European war. The general policy seems to be to "go slow", making no radical departures from the beaten path and pursuing an aggressive course only where such a policy is clearly necessary.

Already it is evident that there is to be no radical change in the system of revenue and taxation; little or no change in the child labor laws; no "anti-railroad" legislation; no important change with respect to the State's convict system, or in the management of the State institutions. There is more prospect for legislation affecting the fire insurance business, but this does not promise to go as far as Governor Craig's recommendations. The Insurance Commissioner failed to support the Governor to the full extent of the latter's recommendations, even where the latter would give the commissioner more power and authority.

There is at least slight promise of some constructive legislation looking toward conservation of forests and fisheries, and a step forward in the matter of good roads may be taken. Then there is some prospect of the enactment of a measure or two looking toward agricultural development and the strengthening of the public health work. It is possible that a step may be taken toward the inauguration of a rural credits system.

One of the hottest fights of the session will be that waged for and against the Anti-Saloon League's bill to prohibit the delivery of liquor in the State for beverage purposes. It has begun to look like the Legislature either will kill this bill or submit it to a vote of the people. Barring the proposal for repeal of the long and short haul clause of the Justice rate act, no other proposed measure has brought to Raleigh so strong a demand from all sections of the State, in the way of petitions at least, as has the Anti-Saloon League bill. But it is plain that this measure will not have nearly such easy sailing as the "Search and Seizure" bill had two years ago. It seems that some of those who favored the latter measure consider the one now presented too drastic for the Legislature to shoulder the responsibility of placing it on the statute books.

One of the most important and biggest measures of all seems until now to have been sidetracked. This is the State-wide legalized primary. Several bills are in the hands of committees, but the issue has not yet been brought to the floor of either house. Those familiar with legislative machinery see significance in the delay. However, it is probable that some sort of a primary bill will be enacted, but it is doubtful if it goes further than the Democratic platform demands, if it goes that far.

In the meantime, the ever-present flood of little local and private bills is in evidence this year as usual, their introduction and their passage on the various readings consuming a big share of many of the daily sessions, and the record will be broken if the flood is much abated before the last week of the 60 days. The Legislature costs the State hundreds of dollars for each hour the two branches are sitting and yet the great majority of these costly hours are consumed by these little sawdust, justice of the peace, school district, township and county bills. But the people said by their vote last November that they are willing to "pay the freight" and prefer it that way.

THE COST OF PRODUCING COTTON.

The cotton bears in New York and Liverpool might know that if cotton is selling below the cost of production, or that it were even selling at what it costs to grow cotton, the South is not going to put a large acreage in the fleecy staple this year. If cotton were selling at 1 cent per pound above the cost of production, or a profit of $5 a bale, exclusive of the seed, don't the bears know that farmers would not plant cotton when they can grow other crops at a greater profit per acre? Suppose a farmer could produce a bale of cotton on a given acre of land and net $5 profit on the acre. Suppose that same acre of land would produce 20 bushels of corn (a very low production) and the cost of production were 50 cents a bushel or $10 the acre, the profit would be $6 an acre if corn was worth only 80 cents a bushel, or $10 an acre if corn was worth $1 a bushel. Which would a farmer plant—cotton to sell below cost or corn to sell anywhere at more than it costs to make it?

Cotton at 8 or 9 cents a pound is not such an attractive proposition that it stands to reason that the farmers of the South will not risk losing money on a big crop. If the bears want to know that cotton is now selling below the cost of production, they should read an article on page 78 of "Commerce and Finance," published in New York by Mr. Theo. H. Price. Commerce and Finance introduces the subject as follows:

"The cost of producing cotton is a subject that has been much discussed of late. The editor of this paper has maintained and believes that this cost is somewhere between nine and ten cents a pound, taking the cotton belt as a whole. This opinion is largely derived from a very cogent pamphlet on the subject by Mr. A. R. Marsh, formerly president of the New York Cotton Exchange. We shall be glad to send this pamphlet to any one writing for it upon receipt of cost and postage, which will be 27 cents a copy. Mr. Marsh's conclusions are deduced from the average price at which cotton sells rather than from data as to the cost of the various elements entering into the production. To us his arguments are convincing."

We have not read Mr. Marsh's pamphlet, but it can be ventured that he went into the subject carefully and exhaustively. Meantime Commerce and Finance prints the following from the pen of Mr. Nat C. Murray, assistant chief of the Bureau of Crop Statistics of the United States Department of Agriculture:

"The Bureau of Crop Estimates has received many inquiries recently for data concerning the cost of producing cotton, due, no doubt, to the great decline in the price, the average to producers on November 1 being 6.3 cents per pound, as compared with 12.1, the average of the past five years on November 1.

"Yearly reports of the cost of producing crops are not made by the Bureau of Crop Estimates. In 1899 the bureau (then the Bureau of Statistics) published a bulletin which gave the results of a thorough investigation into the cost of producing cotton in 1896.

"In 1910 crop reporters estimated the cost of producing various crops on the basis of conditions prevailing in 1909 and 1910. Results were published in the 1911 issues of the 'Crop Reporter' for corn, wheat, oats, barley and potatoes, but not for cotton.

"The results of the investigation for 1896, conducted by James L. Watkins, showed that the average total cost of cultivation per acre on 3,835 upland plantations was $15.42 and the average total return $19.03, the average net profit being $3.61 per acre. The average yield was 255.6 pounds of lint and 16 bushels of seed per acre, and the average price of lint 6.7 cents per pound and of seed 11.9 cents per bushel. The average cost of picking per 100 pounds (of seed cotton) was 44 cents and the average cost of producing lint cotton in all states and territories was 5.27 cents per pound.

"The average total cost of cultivation on 111 sea island plantations reporting was $21.95 and the average total return $28.65. The average yield was 168.2 pounds of lint and 10.3 bushels of seed per acre, and the average price of lint 15.57 cents per pound and of seed 23.9 cents per bushel. The average cost of picking per 100 pounds was $1.03 and the average cost of producing lint cotton (sea island) was 11.59 cents.

"The results of the investigation for 1910, based upon estimates of 862 crop reporters, indicated that the average total cost per acre was approximately $20.35, and the production of lint 247 pounds, making an average cost of about 8.24 cents.

"These two investigations, although not made in precisely the same manner, are sufficiently comparable to indicate a material increase in the money cost of producing cotton between the two periods, the increase averaging over 3 per cent a year.

"The cost per acre to different growers varies widely, the average given including some reporting the cost below $12 an acre, and others reporting the cost above $35 per acre. However, the cost per acre to each individual varies only moderately from year to year, there being a more or less gradual increase in the past 20 years. On the other hand, the cost per pound to an individual grower varies widely from year to year, according as to whether his yield happens to turn out large or small.

"In the investigation made in 1910 the cost as reported in the Eastern States averaged 8.19 cents per pound, and in the Western States 8.33. The higher cost in the West was due, no doubt to lower yield on account of boll weevil in Texas.

"The schedule of inquiry contained the following instructions: 'The cost of labor and teams, whether owned or hired, should be estimated upon the basis of prevailing rate of wages paid, whether the actual work is done by owner or hired labor. Under cost of preparing ground for seed, include cost of applying manure, if any. Under cost of cultivation, include all costs from the time the crop has been planted until it is ready to gather. Include in cost of preparing for market (ginning) all costs from time crop has been gathered from fields until it is ready for market. Let estimates be for your own or any typical farm in your vicinity'."

It will be noticed that Mr. Murray's last estimate was made five years ago, and that the cost of producing cotton has increased during the last few years. The farmers and the bears may well know, therefore, that it costs anywhere above 8 cents to make cotton. Any farmer can calculate what it costs to cultivate an acre and can ascertain his profit or loss by comparing it with the amount he gets back for his cotton and seed—say that he produces a half bale or a bale to the acre, as the case may be. It will show many a farmer how it is that as a general thing he can't count on becoming independent of the time merchants, if he is a small farmer. The big farmer can find out for himself, whether his investment in cotton pays him as much as it would in several other crops.

TREASURER LACY'S DEFENSE.

State Treasurer Lacy's reply to the criticisms of the methods and management of his department, made by the State Board of Internal Improvements, has been awaited by the public with more than passing interest. His refutation of the charges and his contention that the Webb-Montcastle report did him a great injustice are no more than the public expected. The discerning public suspected there was "another side to it," and the synopsis of the State Treasurer's statement made before the legislative finance committee yesterday, which is carried in The Star this morning, will be read with great interest by those who read the recent report of the criticisms made by the State Board of Internal Improvements.

Says the Baltimore Sun: "Aeroplanes certainly cannot be considered war vessels as long as they confine themselves to the slaughter of innocent women and children." Yet real war vessels ploughing the oceans are so much more heinous for the reason that they are used to prevent food supplies from reaching thousands of starving innocent women and children and old men. The belligerents are aiming at starving each other into submission, whereas only one-fifth of their populations are soldiers, compared with four-fifths who are non-combatants and do the starving. It is bad enough to kill combatants but worse to starve non-combatants. Humane nations ought not to insist that food is even conditional contraband, notwithstanding the brutal adage that "all is fair in love and war."

The Republican party is making a great deal of noise, but it is all about a tariff handout for the already rich special interests which have been permitted by Republican tariff laws to get rich off the American public. They have had protection for more than fifty years and have amassed millions by means of government aid. Do they know when they have enough? Do the people know when they have been sufficiently bilked? What hope do the Republicans give the exploited masses by promising to tax them to make tariff beneficiaries rich?

A Wilmington man who has been all over the South during the past 12 months, says no State can compare with North Carolina in her domain stretching from the sea to the mountains, affording all the varieties of climate and soils to be found in practically every portion of America. This confirms what The Star has always said. The best part of it is that North Carolina is in close touch with America's biggest markets.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Savannah capital established a foreign steamship line while Jacksonville was looking for some one to build one for her. It is reported that there is not an idle man in Savannah who desires work.—Jacksonville Times-Union.

Wheat continues to soar in price. That means that other grain will go up in price, too. There never will be a better year than this will be for planting corn. North Carolina is already a great corn state, but if the farmers are wise this will be a banner year for corn in North Carolina.—Raleigh News and Observer.

In Bibb, Dougherty, Thomas and Colquitt counties there has been placed recently a number of registered cows intended to help build up the grade of cottle used for beef purposes. That is excellent. Georgia needs not only more cattle, but also better ones. Other counties than the foregoing have brought in cows and bulls of good breeds and already have taken profit from them. This is but another indication that the cattle raising industry in the state is growing more rapidly than at any other time since the War Between the States.—Savannah News.

The bills offered by the Anti-Saloon League, if passed, would sew North Carolina up tight, insofar as the liquor question is concerned. It would be illegal to receive a shipments as well as it will be to sell liquor. In short, firms and corporations, as well as individuals, would be forbidden to receive liquor in any quantity. This proposed legislation is so drastic in every respect as compared to the prohibition law now on the statutes that there seems to be a feeling on the part of the legislature that a referendum should be taken; that the legislature is hardly authorized to pass the measure so earnestly championed. It may be well enough to submit the issue to the people for ratification at the polls. At any rate by this means the exact feeling of voters would be known. That North Carolina is overwhelmingly prohibition was shown in the last election when a majority of over 40,000 was piled up for the present law. That the great majority of men voting are anxious to deal a death blow to John Barleycorn seems certain, and the chances are that the referendum will result in the adoption of the laws now petitioned for by thousands of citizens. While there have been violations of the present law, as there are violations of all laws, it is admitted that the law has been an unqualified success in every particular. Many men who voted against prohibition before have changed their minds and now see the wisdom of the act from a business as well as other standpoints. The acid test of barring liquor for personal use may make a great many changes in voters over the last election, but with the new recruits it is altogether likely that, drastic as it is, the proposed law would find tremendous majorities if submitted to voters. Many states have prohibition laws; few have anything as rigid as this proposed, but one thing is certain, if actual prohibition is wanted, the way to get it is to pass the bills which the legislature is now considering.—Charlotte News.

—Arthur Blocker, colored, was arrested yesterday by Officer D. W. Coleman on a charge of assaulting Bishop Wood, also colored. He was locked up at the police station.

MAKES GOOD, HEALTHY FLESH.

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co. Offers to Pay for Samose, if it Fails.

Begin the use of Samose today, and you will soon notice a gain in good, healthy flesh to all who are thin, weak and run down, this remarkable flesh-forming food promises plump, rosy, perfect health, vigor and vitality.

Most people eat enough to become fat; the trouble is not lack of food, but lack of assimilative power.

Samose mingles with the food that is eaten, so that it is assimilated by the blood and builds up pleasing plumpness and good, healthy flesh. Those who use Samose for a week or ten days will soon notice a gain in weight and an improvement in general strength and health.

Samose is in tablet form, pleasant to take, and is sold by one of the most reputable drug stores in Wilmington, J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., under their personal guarantee to refund the money if it does not give satisfaction.

SPECIAL PRICES PREVAIL NOW AT

Rehder's Big Department Store

NEW SPRING PERCALES, GINGHAMS, SHEER MULLS, WINDSOR PLISSES, TISSUES, FRENCH BROCADE SUITINGS, AND MANY OTHER NEW GOODS AT SPECIAL PRICES.

New Spring Ginghams, plaids and stripes, neat checks; suitable for School Dresses and House Dresses; regular 10c. quality; short lengths; prices 10 to 20 yards, Special 6½c

New Spring Patterns in French Brocade Suiting, 27 inches wide, 19c values; Special 12½c

Spring Chambray; pink, blue, tan, brown and grey; 10c. values; 27 inches wide; Special . . . 6½c

$10.00, 9x12 Crex Art Squares, plain green and green with border; Special $6.98

$3.50, 9x12 Matting Art Squares; several patterns to select from; Special $2.98

$5.50 fine Wool Blankets, full size, white with border, or plaid; extraordinary values, at $4.50

New Spring Percale, best yard-wide, fast colors; wide range of patterns; Special 12½c

35c White Bed Sheets, 81x90, wide hem; Splendid value; Special . . 29c

$1.00 English Long Cloth; full width; Special 89c

35c White Bed Spreads; unmatchable values 29c

$6.50 Rain Coats, Women's English Slip-Ons, silk finish; wonderful values; tan only; Special . . $5.00

SPECIAL

Yard Wide Best Fruit of the Loom Bleaching, 10 yards for

75 Cents

J. H. Rehder & Co.

THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE

The next Bell Telephone directory goes to press soon. Now is the time to subscribe in order to get your name in the new book. If you wish to make changes or corrections in your listings, write to the Manager, Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company. —Advertisement.

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WOMAN WANTS TO HELP OTHERS

By Telling How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored Her Health.

Miami, Okla. — "I had a female trouble and weakness that annoyed me continually. I tried doctors and all kinds of medicine for several years but was not cured until I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I hope my testimonial will help other suffering women to try your wonderful medicine." — Mrs. M. R. MILLER, Box 234, Commerce, Okla.

Another Woman who has Found Health in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Lindsborg, Kansas. — "Some years ago I suffered with terrible pains in my side which I thought were inflammation, also with a bearing down pain, backache, and I was at times awfully nervous. I took three bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and am now enjoying good health. I will be glad to recommend your medicine to any woman suffering with female trouble and you may publish this letter." —Mrs. A. L. SMITH, R. No. 3, Box 60, Lindsborg, Kansas.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

Flash! Flash! Flash!

The Soap Paste That Really Takes the Dirt Off—10c the Can.

Hot Water Bottles and Fountain Syringes, at Hard-Time Prices—CHEAP.

Bed Pans of every description.

Crushed Carnation and Crushed Violet Talcum the BEST Talcum Toilet Powder on the market for Babies and Children, as well as for Grown Folk, 35c the can—but holds twice the quantity of the usual size.

CLIMAX Cold Tablets, 25c the box, and the best cold cure on the market.

Syrup White Pine and Tar Comp., for coughs, 25c and 50c the bottle.

Aromatic Wine of Cod Liver Oil, a fine tonic and flesh builder.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG COMPANY

Wholesale and Retail Druggists.

CUT PRICE CASH SALE

Beginning on New Year's Day, we offer Our Entire Stock of Men's, Youth's and Boys' Suits and Overcoats at a Reduction of

25%

Now is Your Chance to get High Class Merchandise for About Cost.

FLEET-DAVIS CO.

NEXT TO BIJOU TELEPHONE 673

Seaboard Air Line Railway

The Progresstve Railway of the South.

CHARLOTTE, - - N. C.

Round trip fare from Wilmington, $5.90, Account of Laymen's Missionary Movement, Presbyterian Church in U. S., February 16-18, 1915. Tickets on sale February 14th and 15th, limited returning Midnight February 22nd., Reduced rates from all points on the Seaboard Air Line Railway. For information as to rates and etc., Call on local agent, or phone 178, Orton Hotel Building.

JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

H. E. PLEASANTS, T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.

L. L. HANBY, :: HARDWARE

BUY YOURSELF A

Gasoline Engine

You can Do So Many Things With It—Heat and light your home, saw wood, pump water, or do anything power will do.

A Gasoline Engine will furnish you with every convenience at a very small cost.

Heaters and Ranges, Engines, House Furnishing Goods, All Kinds of Good Tools.

BE CAUTIOUS

When you get sick, do not make yourself worse by taking old, ancient drugs, but come to us with your wants, and let us fill your Prescriptions With Pure, Fresh Drugs. Just what your physician prescribes, and no substitutes.

WOODALL & SHEPPARD, Inc.

Kodaks and Supplies Norris' Candy.

The Quality Corner Front and Princess

Read Star Business Locals.

COUNCIL AGREES TO THE NEW WARD LINES

City Attorney Instructed to Prepare Amendment

Clause to be Added to Annexation Bill Will Authorize Council to Name Temporary Member from the Sixth Ward.

City Council, in special session yesterday afternoon, on representations presented to the body by the joint charter committee from Council and the Chamber of Commerce, adopted a resolution instructing the city attorney to prepare an amendment to the annexation bill, harmonizing the ward lines contained therein with those to be embodied in the new city charter, and to forward it as soon as completed to the local representatives in the General Assembly, to be incorporated in the annexation measure to be passed by the Legislature.

The resolution also instructs the city attorney to include in the amendment to the annexation bill a clause providing that the sixth ward which will be created under the amended annexation bill will be entitled to representation on Council as soon as the measure becomes a law, and authorizing Council to name a Councilman from this ward to serve until the next general election, which is only three months away.

The amendment to the present charter is for the purpose of annexing the territory agreed upon by Senator Cooper and Representative Stacy, and it will become effective as soon as ratified by the General Assembly. In the event that the new city charter, embodying the city manager plan, which will be forwarded to the local Representatives at Raleigh within the next few days, fails of ratification when submitted to the people at the polls previous to the general election to be held in May, the present form of city government will continue in effect, with, however, an enlarged city, with six wards, six Councilmen and a mayor.

The action of Council yesterday in authorizing the amendment to the annexation bill to harmonize the ward lines as agreed upon by the Councilmanic and Chamber of Commerce committees, was upon representations presented to the body by the joint committee, at whose request the special meeting was called.

Mayor Moore presided and present were Councilmen Loughlin, Jones and Wood and Messrs. J. Allan Taylor, C. C. Chadbourn and City Attorney E. K. Bryan.

The rough draft of the new charter, it will be remembered, has been completed and passed upon by the joint committee, and City Attorney E. K. Bryan and E. L. Martin and A. G. Ricaud, Esqs., the two attorneys who are assisting in framing the bill, are now at work getting it into shape for presentation to the Legislature. They will also prepare a digest of the charter to be published for the benefit of the citizens, who will pass upon it at the special election to be held some time in March.

MAY ADJOURN SUPERIOR COURT FOR TERM TODAY

Judge Whedbee Will Make Effort to Find Something to Try.

Superior Court may be adjourned for the term today, if Judge Whedbee has no better luck in finding something on the calendar for trial than he did yesterday. Court was in session only an hour yesterday morning. Judge Whedbee said that if there were no cases ready for trial this morning that he was going to adjourn court and return to his home at Greenville, N. C.

There have been a large number of cases on the calendar which have been non-suited while a great many others have been set for the next term. If they are not ready for trial at that time, Judge Whedbee stated that he was going to non-suit them also.

Judgment of non-suit was given in two cases yesterday, these being Haywood Mack against the Camp Manufacturing Company and the Scott Commission and Brokerage Company against D. L. Gore Company, Inc. The case of J. Spillman against the Ocean View Company was continued and set for trial on Wednesday of the next term. Herbert McClammy, Esq., was allowed to withdraw as attorney for the defendant and notice was sent to the defendant to secure other counsel. Judgment was signed in the case of H. O. Peterson against B. W. Applewhite and also in the case of Levering Manufacturing Company against the Wayne Machinery Company.

TO ENFORCE PLUMBLING LAW

No Permits After February 15 Except to Certified Plumbers.

Announcement was made yesterday from the health department that on and after February 15 no plumbling permits will be issued except to plumbers who have passed the examination prescribed in the revised health regualtions for New Hanover county.

Thus far all but five of the local plumbers have stood the examination, and three others have made application to take the examination tonight.

The papers of the plumbers who have stood the examinations will be passed upon at the monthly meeting of the Board of Health next Tuesday night, and those who have passed will be given certificates.

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT

Mr. E. A. Herbst Leases the Southern Hotel—Already in Charge.

Mr. E. A. Herbst has leased the Southern Hotel and has already taken charged, succeeding Mr. E. H. Sneed, who has been the proprietor for several years. In connection with the hotel Mr. Herbst will also operate the Southern Cafe. He is an experienced hotel man and expects to conduct a hotel that is first class in every respect.

Mr Herbst stated yesterday that there would be no material changes in the general policy of the hotel. The building is now being thoroughly renovated and put into first class condition.

Charged With Stealing Brass.

Jessie Fuller, colored, was arrested yesterday morning by Plainclothesman D. W. Coleman on a charge of the larceny of a lot of brass from Mr. D. J. Klein in East Wilmington. It seems that Fuller has been terrorising the people in that section and when arrested had a pistol in his pocket. He will be arraigned before the Recorder this morning on a charge of larceny and also for carrying a concealed weapon.

COUNTY FINANCIAL REPORT

Receipts and Disbursements for Month of January—Balance of $60,587.55 in the Treasury.

A balance of $60,587.55 was in the treasury of New Hanover county on February 1st, according to the financial report of County Treasurer and Auditor Orrell for the month of January, which was made public yesterday. The total receipts for the month were $33,776.51, and the total disbursements were $25,661.16.

Following is an itemized list of the receipts and expenditures for the different funds:

General Fund—Balance on hand January 1st, $1,626.40 and on February 1st, $2,461.63. The receipts were $4,246.74, as follows: Poll and property tax, $3,719.58; schedule B taxes, $19.50; marriage licenses, $17.10; sale of produce, $27.50; hire of prisoners, $17; jail fees, $23.50; Recorder's court, $307.05; jury tax, $3; stenographer, $15; back taxes, $97.51.

The disbursements were $3,411.51, as follows: salaries, $560.84; magistrate, $30.99; stationery and advertising, $92.79; jail expense, $121.96; Recorder's court, $358.52; Superior court, $386.92; roads and bridges, $125; outdoor poor, $262.62; united charities, $50; county home, $520.98; commissioners, $100; constable, $15.25; coroner, $42.90; Court House, $91.66; Red Cross Society, $125; Northeast river bridge, $0.94; motorcycle expense, $19.07; refunded tax, $30.88; suppression of crime, $60; miscellaneous, $116.19; transfers, $270.

Hospital Fund—Balance on hand January 1st, $512.25; February 1st, $6,200.96; received from poll and property tax, $7,563.70; paid to James Walker Memorial Hospital, $1,875.

Road Sinking Fund—Balance on hand January 1st, $26,449.70; February 1st, $29,052; receipts $9,452.30; received for interest, $460.08; paid on coupons, $6,850.

Road Fund—Balance on hand January 1st, $25,929.07; February 1st, $23,904.17; received for interest and sale of produce, $128.29; paid on New Hanover roads, $3,053.29.

Special Bridge Fund—Deficit on January 1st, $8,437.81; received from poll and property tax, $3,025.48; deficit on February 1st, $5,412.33.

Court House Fund—Received during the month $270, which was paid on coupons.

Salary Fund—Balance on January 1st, $1,269.52; February 1st, $2,625.79. Received during month $2,972.94, as follows: Sheriff $1,882.89; clerk of the Superior Court, $753.95; register of deeds, $260.55; constable, $75.55. Paid out during month, $1,616.67 as follows: Sheriff, $541.67; clerk of Superior Court $379.17; register of deeds, $358.33; constable, $75; bond premiums, $262.50.

School bond sinking fund—Balance on hand January 1st, $1,133.46; February 1st, $1,538.08; received from poll and property tax, $4,579.62; paid on coupons, $4,175.

Health Department Fund—Balance on hand January 1st, $1,158.04; February 1st, $2,212.04; received from poll and property tax, $1,537.44; paid board of Health, $483.44.

Work House Fund—Balance on January 1st, $2,831.46; no receipts; disbursements, $3,926.25; deficit February 1st, $194.79.

"THE ROMANCERS" PLEASED.

Clever Satire Produced at Memorial Hall Last Evening.

The performance given at St. Andrew's Memorial Hall last evening by the Frank Lea Short players was greatly appreciated by a capacity audience. "The Romancers," was the title of a clever satire, given by the large company under the personal direction of Mr. Teddy Le Dunn.

"Precinct" and Sylvette filled the difficult rolees of romantic lovers in good style and the two fathers, Borgeman and Pasquin, were fine artists, their acting of dijcult characters being brilliant. The climax was reached when a fistic encounter took place on top of a high wall.

The villain, "Straforvel," was represented by Mr. Frank Howson, and his deeds of "derring do" were well received and convulsed the audience. Miss Pauline Hathway ably filled the part of "Nannette".

The castumes were particularly pleasing, and while the staging was elaborate, the attraction was in itself quite out of the ordinary and as a burlesque comedy would be hard to beat. The company labored at a disadvantage on account of the limited stage room.

JUNIOR WINS PRIZE.

Miss Lena Middleton Leads in Spelling Bee at Winter Park.

Miss Lena Middleton, a junior in the Wilmington High School, was the winner in a spelling bee conducted at the Winter Park School Monday evening in which Prof. Washington Catlett, county superintendent of public instruction, was master of ceremonies. The special feature of the evening was a talk on birds by Mr. John J. Blair, superintendent of the Wilmington schools, who was present by invitation from Prof. Catlett. The lecture was illustrated with lantern slides and he was ably assisted by Lewis Williams.

Refreshments were served and a prize was awarded to Miss Ida May Jackson as being the most popular girl present. The entertainment was given under the direction of the teachers of the school, Misses Trollinger, Edgerton and Buck, for the purpose of raising funds to beautify the school premises.

DELGADO HONOR ROLL

Names of School Children Winning Distinction Past Month.

Following is the honor roll of the Delgado grammar school, of which Miss Grace Boyette is principal, for the month of January:

Seventh grade—Cleo Bennett.

Sixth grade—Lizzie Benson, Callie Benson, Johnnie Farror and Charlie Jarrell.

Fifth grade—Fred Hufham, Alberta Johnson, Lou Hewett, Violet Hayham and Jesse Fryar.

Fourth grade—Mary Hewett, Beatrice Russ, Martha Carroll.

Third grade—Bertha Cason, Charlotte Mintz and John Carroll.

First grade—James Benson, Damon Cable, Esther Fryar, Pearl Hobbs and Lillie Thorpe.

Collector for Merrick Estate.

Judge H. W. Whedbee has appointed Maj. W. N. Harriss, Clerk of Superior Court, as collector for the estate of Sam Merrick, the old colored butcher who died recently, leaving something like $4,500 in silver money and several parcels of real estate. Major Harriss will probably be continued in this capacity until the estate is finally settled, and in view of the many claimants to a share in the fortune from negroes all over the South, it will in all probability be some time before everything is settled up.

GEN. LUKE O'CONNOR DEAD

Distinguished Brother of Major Dan. O'Connor, of Wilmington, Passes Away in London.

Major General Sir Luke O'Connor, V. C., K. C. B., a distinguished English soldier and one of the few survivors of the Crimean war, brother of Major Daniel O'Connor, of Wilmington, died at his home in London, England, last Saturday and was buried yesterday, according to a cablegram received in this city yesterday. His only surviving relative besides Major O'Connor is Mrs. E. K. Bryan, a niece, of this city. He was 84 years old and retired from the English army a number of years ago.

General O'Connor is remembered by many friends in Wilmington, having spent some time here with his brother in 1899. He was one of the most distinguished soldiers of the English army. He rose from the ranks to the position of major general and was knighted by King Edward.

Born February 21, 1831, near Elphin county, Roscommon—a part of Ireland, noted for being the birthplace of many other famous O'Connors, the deceased had an aptitude for the life of a soldier and in 1849, unknown to his family, joined the 17th Lancers. His enlistment, however, did not meet with the approval of his relatives and he was induced to give up the idea of serving his country in the ranks and by the payment of a considerable amount of money the embryo major general was released.

However, he was bent on being a soldier and it was not long afterwards when he enlisted in the 23rd Royal Welsh Fusiliers at Winchester and his eagerness to get on soon brought him to the notice of his superiors. In less than two years he had been appointed a sergeant.

He won his commission at the battle of Alma in the Crimean war which was fought on September 20, 1854. The Russians in this battle were entrenched on the heights of Alma, which was supposed to be an unassailable position. General O'Connor, then a sergeant, was the hero of the day, for when Lieutenant Anstruther, the bearer of the Queen's color, was shot down, he seized it and although he had been severely wounded, having been shot through the breast and having had two ribbs broken, carried it through the day. For this act of gallantry he was awarded his commission and a year later justified his promotion by extreme bravery in leading a storming party.

For these two heroic acts he was granted a Victoria Cross, one of the first to be presented by Queen Victoria. Eventually Sir Luke was appointed to the command of his old regiment, an honor which he considered the greatest of his eventful life.

He was also one of the few survivors who went through the Indian Mutiny.

He was made lieutenant in 1854; captain in 1858; major in 1872; lieutenant colonel in 1874; colonel in 1879 and major general in 1887.

Sir Luke joined the army two years after Lord Roberts entered Sandhurst and like that distinguished soldier, who preceded him to the grave only a few months ago, always had the cause of the common soldier at heart, and worked continuously for more pay to the ranks as well as for the officers.

He never married and for the last few years had made his home for the greater part of the time at the quarters of the Constitutional Club on Piccadilly street, London.

INTEREST IN CHAUTAUQUA

Baptists of the State Will Gather at Wrightsville Beach in June for Big Meeting.

Baptists throughout the State are looking forward with keen interest to the Seaside Chaptauqua to be held at Wrightsville Beach June 21-28, as decided upon at the last session of the Baptist State Convention. Rev. Dr. J. H. Foster, pastor of the First Baptist church of this city, is chairman of the committee on arrangements, and plans are now being worked out covering the details of the big meeting, which will be the first of its kind to be held in North Carolina.

The following with reference to the chautauqua from the Raleigh News and Observer of yesterday will be of interest:

"Announcement has been made that the Baptist Seaside Chautauqua, the first of its kind for this State, will be held at Wrightsville Beach on June 21-28 as authorized by the last session of the Baptist State Convention which met in Raleigh.

"Other states in the South have these great meetings every year, and for some years North Carolina Baptists have been discussing such a gathering of workers. The meeting this year will not be entirely new with the more prominent Baptists. Many of them have attended similar meetings at Virginia Beach, Va., and in other states. To the Baptists in general, however, the meeting will be a novel thing. Over 1,000 Baptists are expected to be present during the week. They are going somewhere during the summer for an outing, and plenty of attraction will be furnished to insure a profitably spent vacation.

"The programme is now being arranged and will be educational, inspirational and entertaining. Some of the features will be Bible study, pastors' conferences, general Sunday school work, organized classes, Baptist Young People's Union. Woman's Missionary Union, two chautauqua lectures every day, orchestra of 12 pieces every night and also other special music.

"The convention committee is composed of Rev. Dr. J. H. Foster, Willmington; Dr. J. J. Hurt, Durham; Mr. John A. Oates, Fayetteville; Dr. C. J. Hunter and Mr. E. L. Middleton, Raleigh. Dr. Foster is chairman and Mr. Middleton is secretary."

Mr. Hewett's Invention.

High compliment has been paid to Mr. John E. Hewett, of this city, as inventor of an improved device for locking type forms in a chase, by the British and Colonial Printer and Stationer, a high class London trade publication, which, in its issue of January 21, prints a descriptive article in regard to the device with a cut of the same. Patented here and abroad, the device promises to gain international favor as an invention of merit.

—Mr. C. E. Harrison, of Charlotte, was a business visitor in the city yesterday, a guest at the Orton.

DEATH RATE NOT SO HIGH

Based on Population Figures of Last Year's Census, New Hanover's Showing is Good.

Based upon population figures shown by an actual census taken during the past 12 months, New Hanover county's total death rate per thousand for the year of 1914 was 19.06, instead of 28.3, as shown by the figures of the State Board of Health, calculated on the census returns of 1910, plus the annual percentage of increase for the preceding decade.

The total population of Wilmington, as shown by the census completed last March, is 31,361, of which 16,626 are white and 14,735 are black. The population of the county, outside of the city of Wilmington, as shown by the census by townships ,completed last October, is 7,055, of which 4,113 are white, and 2,942 are black. Thus the total population of the county is 38,416, of which 20,739 are white and 17,677 black.

During 1914, in the county outside of the city there were 61 deaths among whites and 108 deaths among blacks. In the city there were 204 white deaths and 380 blacks, or for the entire county 265 white deaths and 488 blacks, a total of 753 deaths.

The death rate among the whites for the entire county therefore, is 12.07 and among the blacks 19.06 per thousand for the county.

These figures were computed yesterday by Dr. Charles T. Nesbitt, county health officer, following the publication of a bulletin issued by the State Board of Health, in which New Hanover was shown to have the highest death rate in the State during 1914, according to the methods of figuring used by the State Board of Health.

"The publication of comparative death rates," said Dr. Nesbitt yesterday, in discussing the matter, "for the various counties of the State gives an erroneous impression for the reason that there is no numerical basis for a comparison of death rates, unless actual populations are available and there is complete registration of deaths.

"The statement of the death rate of New Hanover county as outlined above is based upon an actual census taken during the past 12 months and upon a practically complete registration of all deaths.

"These conditions cannot be found in any other county in the State, because no other county in North Carolinia takes an annual census and, according to the statement of the State Board of Health, no other county in the State has so complete a registration of deaths as New Hanover county.

"If all deaths are not reported in a county, a statement of the death rate is practically worthless, for it is obvious that if only one-third or one-half of the total number of deaths are reported, the published death rates will be but one-third or one-half as large as they should be.

"The populations upon which the death rates are figured by the State Board of Health are based upon the 1910 census returns, plus the percentage of annual increase for the preceding decade. This method of estimation is the best available, but it is acknowledged to be imperfect.

"Our own State Board of Health has suffered from this method of comparison, because in 1913 the census reports showed North Carolina to have the highest death rate of any State in the Union.

"Reasoning from this postulate and admitting that North Carolina has the highest death rate of any State in the Union, one would be justified in saying that the State appropriations for public health work have been wasted. And if this same postulate is applied to New Hanover county in conjunction with the death rate as published by the State Board of Health, a similar conclusion would be justified as to the New Hanover appropriations.

"Our State Board of Health urges the Legislature to increase its appropriations and broaden the scope of its activities, and urges the counties and municipalities of the State to organize health departments and finance them generously.

"When these organizations are formed, the State Board of Health insists upon accurate vital statistics, and when these are furnished and published in comparison with the death rates in other counties where there is no efficient registration of vital statistics, the comparison shows that the counties in which the health work is the most perfect have the highest death rates, and where there is no health work the death rates are lower.

"If the death rate as computed under this system is to be taken as the measures of the value of health work, those who are opposed to public health appropriations are supplied with what on its face is a most potent argument. The conscientious health officer is placed at a serious disadvantage. If he faithfully collects and reports the vital statistics, thereby raising the death rate of his county, he destroys the evidence of the efficiency of health work, under the postulate supplied by the State Board of Health.

"It is unfortunate that this system is the only generally available system for computing death rates. Where actual population and complete registration figures are obtainable, it is only just to the community that these figures be used."

BEFORE THE RECORDER

Negro Plead Guilty to Cutting Companion—Other Cases.

Willie Smith, colored, entered a plea of guilty before the Recorder yesterday as having been the assailant of John McDonald, also colored, on Saturday night when the latter received a rather bad cut across the cheek. After hearing all the details of the affair Recorder Empie fined Smith $25 and the costs, which he paid.

A case against Hampton Smith, colored, charged with having assaulted a female, was dismissed. Janie Evans, colored, was sentenced to serve three months on the county farm for violating the prohibition law, but it appearing that her health isn't good final judgment was held open until she can be examined by a physician. Mary Brown, colored, charged with selling whiskey, was placed under bond in the sum of $100 to be forfeited in the event she is in court again within a year.

CHAMBER MEETS TODAY

Special Meeting to Be Held This Afternoon at 4 O'clock.

There will be a special meeting of the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce this afternoon at 4 o'clock for the purpose of giving consideration to the army and immigration bills now before Congress. There will also be several special committees to make reports. It is important that all members who can possibly do so be present. The call was issued for the meeting by President Corbett yesterday and notices sent to the members by Secretary Branch.

Because

There is a bird on a Dollar is no reason you should let it fly. Save it and deposit same with this bank.

4% compounded quarterly paid on all accounts.

"OLD AND STRONG"

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

THE WHITE BUILDING.COR. FRONT AND PRINCESS STS.

PERHAPS HE MAY DIE

You have named as your Executor a friend; he is familiar with your affairs. You trust him. Suppose, however, he should die shortly after you and before your Estate is settled up. Wouldn't it throw your affairs into confusion? The Court would appoint an Administrator **de bonis non cum testamento annexo**—and he wouldn't know any more about your affairs and how your Estate should be managed than the average layman knows about the meaning of these words. Name the Trust Company as your Executor and you eliminate this "perhaps." It is a responsible corporation, and does not die.

May we have a confidential conference with you on the subject? When you call, ask for Mr. Taylor. It costs no more to have the trained services of the Trust Company as your Executor than it does to have the untrained services of an individual.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

110 PRINCESS STREET "Safety First."

START THE NEW YEAR RIGHT

Let the Cape Fear Machine Works fix that Engine, Boiler, Stack, and All That Machinery that Might Run Better.

Wire, Write or 'Phone Us.

CAPE FEAR MACHINE WORKS

—FOOT OF CHURCH ST..—

APPLY SULPHUR IF SKIN BREAKS OUT

SULPHUR DRIES UP ECZEMA

USE LIKE COLD CREAM TO STOP ITCHING

Any breaking out or irritation on the face, arms, legs or body when accompanied by itching, or when the skin is dry and feverish, can be readily overcome by applying a little bold-sulphur cream, says a noted dermatologist.

He informs us that bold-sulphur instantly allays the angry itching and irritation and soothes and heals the Eczema right up, leaving the skin clear and smooth. Bold-sulphur has occupied a secure position for many years in the treatment of cutaneous disorders because of its parasite-destroying property. Nothing has ever been found to take its place in treating the irritable and inflammatory skin affections. While not always establishing a permanent cure, it never fails to subdue the itching irritation and drive the Eczema away, and it is often years later before any eruption again appears on the skin. Those troubled should obtain at any pharmacy an ounce of bold-sulphur cream, which is applied to the affected parts in the same manner as an ordinary cold cream. It isn't unpleasant and the prompt relief afforded, particularly in itching Eczema, proves very welcome.

STEEL CARS RECEIVED.

Combination Mail and Baggage Coaches for Wilmington Branch.

The first of three new steel combination mail and baggage cars to be used by the Atlantic Coast Line between Wilmington and Rocky Mount arrived in this city on train No. 41 yesterday morning. They are a part of a large order which was made a few months ago, some of which are already in use on the main line while others are to arrive in the near future.

The new cars are 72 feet in length, electrically lighted and handsome fitted up in every particular. The part to be used for mail is 30 feet in length.

The passenger cars of this type which are now in use on the main line are especially handsome and are in keeping with the motto of the Coast Line to furnish the maximum of service to its patrons.

NEW STEEL STREET CARS

Tidewater Has Placed Orders for Three —To Change Color Scheme.

The Tidewater Power Company has ordered three new, all-steel trolley cars, to be delivered and put in operation here about the first or middle of April. These cars will be of standard variety and will be somewhat different in appearance from the cars now in use on the company's lines.

It is also announced that the Tidewater will change the color of their street cars in April, though to what hue has not yet been decided upon.

Conkey's
POULTRY TONIC
Keeps Your Breeders in Perfect Trim
Healthy, vigorous parent stock means husky, hardy chicks. Begin feeding CONKEY'S now and watch the chicks pop out of the shell.
Get a $1.60 Pail.
Avoid unnecessary loss by giving CONKEY'S WHITE DIARRHEA REMEDY in drinking water from the start. 25c., 50c.
Conkey's Goods are sold by Seed, Feed, Hardware and Poultry Supply Stores in Wilmington and Everywhere

HOW TO CURE A CHRONIC COUGH

Told in the Following Letter by a Jackson Man Who Knows from Experience. His Word Is Good.

Jackson, Miss.—"I am a carpenter, and the grippe left me not only with a chronic cough, but I was run-down, worn out and weak. I took all kinds of cough syrups but they did me no good. I finally got so weak I was not able to do a day's work, and coughed so much I was alarmed about my condition. One evening I read about Vinol and decided to try it. Before I had taken a quarter of a bottle I felt better, and after taking two bottles my cough is entirely cured, all the bad symptoms have disappeared and I have gained new vim and energy." —JOHN L. DENNIS, 711 Lynch Street, Jackson, Miss.

The reason Vinol is so successful in such cases is because the active medicinal principles of cod liver oil contained in Vinol rebuilds wasting tissues and supplies strength and vigor to the nerves and muscles while the tonic iron and wine assist the red corpuscles of the blood to absorb oxygen and distribute it through the system, thus restoring health and strength to the weakened, diseased organs of the body.

If Vinol fails to help you, we return your money.

Robert R. Bellamy, druggist, Wilmington, N. C., and at leading drug stores everywhere.

SEED Potatoes

Genuine Maine Grown Seed Potatoes, Inspected Four Times. Shipment This Week.

Love & Woody

Wholesale Grocers

'Phone 809.

Wireless

The Wireless discovery, like many other discoveries and inventions, is fast succeeding the older methods of transmitting time, etc. Therefore, we have installed recently a Wireless Time Receiving Station.

GEO. W. HUGGINS

The Jeweler

ATTENTION Potato Dealers

SEVERAL CARS OF GENUINE MAINE SEED WILL ARRIVE IN A FEW DAYS. WRITE FOR PRICES. ALSO FULL STOCK OF CANNED GOODS, STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES, DRUGS AND SUNDRIES, AT WHOLESALE.

A. B. Croom, Jr., Company

226 North Water Street,

Read Star Business Locals.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mrs. A. O. Trust ,of East Arcadia, is visiting Mrs. James Stewart, No. 220 North Second street.

* * *

Miss Elizabeth Westbrook has returned to her home in Greensboro after spending two weeks with Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Blue, on Summer Rest Sound.

* * *

Dr. A. D. McClure's Bible class will meet at the Y. W. C. A. this morning at 11 o'clock. The subject for study today is the Book of Judges.

* * *

There will be a business and social meeting of the B. Y. P. U. of the First Baptist church tonight at 8 o'clock in the church parlors. A full attendance of the members is urged.

* * *

The Ladies' Aid Society of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church will have their regular monthly meeting this afternoon at 4 o'clock. All members are urged to be present.

* * *

Mrs. J. A. Brown, of Chadbourn, after a short visit to Mrs. M. L. Stover at Carolina Heights, left yesterday afternoon for Red Springs to spend a few days.

* * *

Mrs. Homer H. Hardwick left yesterday for Fitzgerald, Ga., where she will visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. Mobley. Before returning home she will also visit her brothers in Jacksonville and Tampa, Fla.

* * *

The regular meeting of the Linen Auxiliary of the James Walker Memorial hospital will be held this morning at 11 o'clock in the directors' room of the Wilmington Savings & Trust Company.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Anson Alligood were called to Washington, N. C., on Wednesday afternoon on account of the death of Mr. Alligood's aged mother, Mrs. Nancy Alligood. The funeral was held yesterday afternoon.

* * *

All those wishing to enter the Y. W. C. A. elocution class are requested to meet Mrs. R. W. Barker, the teacher, at the association building this afternoon at 3:45 o'clock. Those who are unable to be present at this time but who are interested are requested to notify the Y. W. C. A. office.

* * *

Miss Ethel Jenkins entertained a number of her friends most delightfully at her home Wednesday evening in celebration of her 18th birthday. Among the guests were Misses Margaret Meiers, Annie May Dement, Annie Branch, Pearl and Ruby Hayes and Messrs. Roy McKenzie, Gerhardt Swan and J. P. Futch.

* * *

MUSICAL TEA TONIGHT BY WOMAN'S AUXILIARY

Section A of the Woman's Auxiliary of James' Episcopal church will give a musical tea in St. James' Parish House tonight beginning at 8 o'clock. An especially interesting feature of the programme will be stereopticon views illustrating "Then and Now" in the mission fields. The public is cordially invited to attend.

* * *

Many persons have made contributions to the Red Cross Sanitarium this week in response to the appeal that this be observed as "pounding" week. However, there is a need for other contributions and there will no doubt be many other donations made today and tomorrow for the people of Wilmington appreciate highly the splendid work that the Red Cross is doing in its fight against tuberculosis. Donations may be sent to No. 420 South Front street.

* * *

MONTHLY MEETING OF SOROSIS YESTERDAY

The regular monthly meeting of North Carolina Sorosis was held yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock in the club rooms on North Third street. There was a large attendance and there were a number of routine matters that received attention. The reports of the different committees, especially those on social service and education, were very gratifying to the members and showed that the organization is making splendid progress.

The offer of a well known paint manufacturing company made through M. W. Divine & Co. to paint the rooms of the club house was accepted. The ladies expressed themselves as being greatly pleased at this generosity.

* * *

COLONIAL PARTY TONIGHT BY GEORGE DAVIS CHAPTER

For the purpose of securing funds with which to relieve needy Confederate veterans and their wives, a Colonial party will be given by the George Davis Chapter, Children of the Confederacy, at the W. L. I. armory tonight. There will be general dancing and a special feature will be the minuet. Refreshments will be served. Following is the programme for the occasion:

Song—"Dainty Dorothea," Mrs. W. G. Robertson.

Recitation—"How Grandma Danced the Minuet," Miss Laura Howell.

Song—"Lullaby," Miss Margaret Howell.

Colonial Minuet—Danced by Miss Lola Taylor with Mr. Luis McMillan; Miss Mary Pickett with Mr. William Milton; Miss Olivia Wallace with Mr. Marsden deRosset; Miss Emma Williamson with Mr. William Huggins.

Song—"Believe Me If All Those Endearing Young Charms," Miss Nell Bowden.

* * *

UNITED FARM WOMEN OF WRIGHTSBORO MEET.

The United Farm Women of Wrightsboro, held their regular monthly meeting Wednesday afternoon at the home of the president, Mrs. Edw. I. Herring. The subject for study for the afternoon was the home laundry. Washing machines, stationary wash tubs and the care and use of irons were discussed and also the best methods of washing woolens, linens and other materials.

A dainty salad course was served and the business of the club was discussed over the tea cups.

The first business venture of the club in the way of co-operation will be in buying gingham at wholesale, the members being enabled to get it at reduced prices in this way. If this proves a success, other things in the way of household goods will be bought in the same way.

The club was organized on January 31st last year and during the year has held monthly meetings. The organization is designed to be of real service to the members and the subjects discussed at the meetings are all of a practical nature.

THEATRICAL

Seats and boxes for Raymond Hitchcock's coming engagement in "The Beauty Shop," at the Academy of Music, February, 11, will be placed on sale at 9 o'clock Monday morning.

"The Beauty Shop" is a musical comedy in which Hitchcock is said to have met with unusual success, at least that was the verdict that New York and Chicago placed on the piece, which is the work of Channing Pollock, Rennold Wolf and Charles J. Gebest.

"The Beauty Shop" company, principals and chorus, is an exceptionally large one, numbering as it does, upward of one hundred people and comes here precisely the same in every particular as when "The Beauty Shop" was presented at the Astor Theatre on Broadway to many months of capacity performances.

Six Mammoth Reels—Bijou.

Another mammoth carnival of mammoth offerings features today's movie bill at Wilmington's cozy corner, consisting of a grand total of six glorious reels of the biggest, best and latest motion pictures that the year has produced. Master brains are working day and night on the programme for the Bijou, and it is indeed a grand array of talent that the managers are enabled to select their programme from. And each day's bill is selected with the care that is evident in the classy brand of pictures that you see every day on the Bijou screen. This right of selection is possible with the other service than the Universal and Mutual, both of which the Bijou has exclusive control of in Wilmington.

The first big number on today's bill is "The Lone Game" that great two-reel Eclair Western drama that contains three thrills to every foot, and comes in two full reels of surprises. It features Edna Payne, Nobert Myles and Fred Hearne. It's a story that will keep you guessing right up to the finish, and then the ending is such that all your guesses will be entirely wrong.

Still another mammoth two-reel feature follows. It's a Mutual, "The Sisters," and features that famous couple, the Gish sisters—Lilliam and Dorothy, in a romantic feature, that is something entirely new.

Another one of those great L-Ko's, "Every Inch a Hero" comes next, and features some of the biggest comedy stars of this new company, and is ludicrous to a finish, while there's a follow-up in a mammoth Keystone, "Shotguns That Kick."

"Zudora" Today at New Grand.

With great delight the amusement lovers of Wilmington realize that once more this is "Zudora" Day, when the New Grand, the people's favorite joy spot, will offer another episode of this charming, as well as thrilling, Harold McGrath screen serial. This episode "The Mystery of the Perpetual Glare" is something simply immense and devotees of the wonderful "Zudora" story just can't afford to miss it. The one best bet, of course, is that they won't, and the New Grand today, just like on other "Zudora" days, will be jammed both afternoon and night. "The Mystery of the Perpetual Glare," is indeed a great mystic story and one that will carry folks deeper into the fascinating subject of hypnotism and crystal gazing, and in this episode, too, Miss Marguerite Snow, who is portraying the role of "Zudora," rises to great dramatic heights and will truly, delightfully hypnotize all beholders.

But this superb headliner is not all at the New Grand today, because Wilmington's handsomest theatre intends to provide the people of Wilmington with the very best, regardless of expense. In addition to this swell feature there will be offered a big Kalem two-part film sensation, "The Derelict," one of the most intense tales ever screened and one that will grip every heart. The noted actor, Douglas Gerrarde, will be seen as the husband, Marin Salis will appear as the wife, and clever little Mildred Gordon will portray the role of their child.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. John O'Gorman, of Boardman, was registered at the Orton yesterday.

—Mr. H. P. Little, of Conway, S. C., was a business visitor in the city yesterday, a guest at the Orton.

—Mr. and Mrs. N. A. Currie, of Clarkton, were guests at the Orton yesterday.

LOCAL DOTS.

—Prince Toler and John Lewis, both colored, were arrested yesterday by Plainclothesman D. W. Coleman on charges of violating the prohibition law. They were locked up to await a hearing before the Recorder this morning.

—By deed filed for record yesterday the Hanover Building & Loan Association transfers to B. F. King, Jr., for $1,550 and other considerations, a lot on the west line of Seventh, 100 feet north of Castle street, 38 by 106 feet in size.

BENEFIT CONCERT TONIGHT.

Musical Programme of Unusual Excellence at Y. M. C. A.

A musical programme of unusual excellence will be rendered at the benefit concert at the Y. M. C. A. tonight. In addition to the musical programme there will be a number of readings. The High School Orchestra will play during the evening.

There will be solos by Mrs. W. L. Warring, Miss Ethel Holmes and by Mr. J. F. Harris, Jr. Miss Pauline Crumb will give a violin solo. A mixed quartette composed of Mrs. F. A. Muse, Miss Lila Keith and Messrs. Charles Schulken and W. B. Muse will also sing. Mrs. M. L. Chasten will be accompanist. The readings will be given by Mrs. R. W. Barker, Miss Sallie Oldham and Miss Behrends.

U. S. Court Sale.

Of the Haar Stock of Dry Goods and Fixtures continues until sold. Court appraisers have reduced prices below wholesale cost. (advertisement)—tf

DETAILED RULE FOR ENFORCING NEW LAW

Taxing Certain Classes of Cotton Futures Dealings.

Instructions to Internal Revenue Collectors as to How to Gather Data and Collect Tax Are Sent Out from Washington.

Washington, Feb. 4.—Detailed regulations to govern internal revenue collectors in enforcement of the new law taxing certain classes of cotton futures transactions were promulgated today by the commissioner of internal revenue. Revenue stamps, purchasable from collectors, will be used as a medium of collectin gthe tax.

Interpreting the section relating to records of persons making contracts for futures on any exchange or board of trade the commissioner ruled that collectors would make these requirements:

Name and address of contracting persons keeping record.

Name and address of other party to contract.

Date contract was made.

Quantity of cotton involved, in bales and pounds.

Time specified for delivery.

Whether transactions is a purchase or a sale.

Basis of grade of cotton if basis contract.

Grade, type or description of cotton, if not basis contract.

Specified price per pound.

Date of delivery or settlement.

Method of actual fulfillment or settlement.

Amount of tax paid.

All persons sending orders for contracts in futures must keep a record of like tenor.

FAYETTEVILLE'S BIGGEST SHIPMENT OF COTTON

Seventy-Five Car Loads Going to Norfolk—12,000 Bales Stored.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Fayetteville, Feb. 3.—A single shipment of 75 carloads of cotton is being railroaded out of Fayetteville. This shipment consists of 1,974 bales and is the largest single shipment ever sent out of Fayetteville. It is being shipped by Hart and Howell, buyers, of this city, and will be exported from Norfolk by Rogers & Co.

The consignment is not going forward as a special train but is large enough to make two good sized trains. Hart and Howell recently bought 1,600 bales of this cotton on the local market in one day.

There are now 12,000 or 15,000 bales of cotton stored in Fayetteville. This is a conservative estimate. There are fully 12,000 bales belonging to farmers and buyers. The mills' cotton will bring figures up to 15,000. Any town that wants to be known as the biggest spot cotton market in North Carolina will have to beat this.

HYDRO-AEROPLANE SEIZED

Sheriff Will Sell Flying Machine Under Execution Papers.

The hydro-aeroplane brought to Wilmington by the Price Aviation Company two weeks ago has been seized by Sheriff Cowan under attachment proceedings instituted in Superior Court by Messrs. J. H. LeGwin and D. N. Chadwick, Jr., of the Fidelity Trust and Development Company, the company which entered into a contract with the aviation people for an exhibition at Sunset Park. Since the exhibitions were not given, the machine refusing to fly, breach of contract is alleged in the complaint and the amount of damages claimed is $1,125.40. C. D. Weeks, Esq., appears for the plaintiff.

In addition to the attachment proceedings, a number of suits have been instituted in Justice Harriss' court by laborers for amounts alleged to be due for work done. In these cases February 16 is named as the date when the machine will be sold.

MUST STAY OUT OF SIBERIA.

Russia Informs America That Relief Parties Cannot Go—Aid Given.

Washington, Feb. 3. — Russia today informed the United States that only Russian military authorities would be permitted to distribute food, money and clothing to German and Austrian prisoners in Siberia. A relief expedition of American missionaries who started from Peking with supplies for the prisoners will not be permitted to proceed.

The Russian communication, sent through Ambassador Marye, made it clear that food and clothing could be sent to soldiers held prisoners, but no money. All relief supplies must be addressed to commandants of the military districts.

Greatest Event in Woman's Life

All human experience looks back to motherhood as the wonder of wonders.

The patience, the fortitude, the sublime faith during the period of expectancy are second only to the mother love bestowed upon the most helpless but most marvelous creation—a baby.

Women are quick to learn from each other those helpful agencies that aid to comfort, that conserve their nervous energy and yet are perfectly safe to use and among these they recommend "Mother's Friend."

It is entirely an external application designed to lubricate the broad, flat muscles and skin that protect the abdomen. It has been in favorable use for nearly half a century and is known to mothers in almost every settled community in the United States who highly recommend it. You will find it on sale in drug stores. "Mother's Friend" is utterly harmless, contains no deadening drugs and yet its influence in the skin and muscles beneath as also upon the network of nerves beneath the skin is very beneficial, very soothing and a wonderful help. The muscles expand naturally and are not subjected to unnecessary surface strain and pain.

Get a bottle of "Mother's Friend" today at any drug store and write to us for our instructive little book to mothers. Address Bradfield Regulator Co., 413 Lamar Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

PRESIDENT YOUNG OPTIMISTIC

Conditions in Norfolk Southern Territory Not So Bad—Prospects Better.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Newbern, Feb. 4.—"Observation has convinced me that business along the lines of the Norfolk Southern Railway Company is much better than that found at a number of other points in the State and that conditions are rapidly improving all over the South," said President J. H. Young, of the Norfolk Southern, who arrived in the city yesterday on a special train which left Norfolk earlier in the day. Accompanying him were Chief Engineer F. L. Nicholson and Traffic Manager E. D. Kyle, of the Norfolk Southern, and Gilliam L. Ross, of Milwaukee, Wis., and Henry C. Nicholas, of New York.

President Young and party are making an inspection of the Norfolk Southern system, and today went to Raleigh and then on to Charlotte from which place they will return to Norfolk. The entire party spoke in the highest terms of the efforts being made by the citizens of Eastern North Carolina to make the best of the slight depression caused by the war, and it is their opinion that business as a whole will have resumed its normal activity within the course of a month or two.

Placed Both Under Bond.

As a result of warrants issued by each against the other, Justice Bornemann yesterday placed Blanche Wortham and Lizzie Tillery under bond of $50 each to keep the peace for six months.

BURETT H. STEPHENS
ARCHITECT
38-39 GARRELL BUILDING.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

J. B. McCABE
Certified Public Accountant
Room 815 Murch. Nat. Bank Bldg.
Phone 998 WILMINGTON, N. C.

QUALITY GAS PRICES
SEED POTATOES
Our Supply will arrive some time in February, and as long as they last will sell at
2.60 Per Sack Cash
SEND US YOUR ORDERS
G. W. ANDERSON
WHOLESALE PROVISIONS
WILMINGTON, N. C.

QUAIL
Oysters on the Half Shell
ARE HERE—ALWAYS FIRST AT
EVERGLADE CAFE
—113 Princess Street—
RUN BY AMERICANS.
We Need Your Patronage at This Crisis of the War.
SPECIAL MENUS FOR DINNER AND SUPPER.
Everything in Season.
Open Day and Night
SHEPARD BROS., Proprietors.
C. T. McLEITHAN, Manager.
'Phone 154.

CATARRH CAUSED BY A GERM

Must be Destroyed Before Catarrh Itself Can be Cured, Says Specialist. Wonderful Results from Breathing Medicated Air.

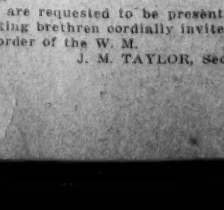
Medicine taken into the stomach will never cure catarrh. And neither will the sprays, douches, lotions, creams and other temporary reliefs that so many catarrh victims make a habit of using. To cure catarrh so it won't come back you must first drive from your body the millions of germs that are flourishing in the inner recesses of your nose and throat and are causing the disease.

There is a preparation which does this called Hyomei (pronounced High-o-me). Hyomei is a germ killing vaporized air formed from the purest oil of Eucalyptus combined with other healing and antiseptic ingredients. You breathe Hyomei through the mouth and nose by means of a little hard rubber inhaler which druggists furnish with it. This medicated germicidal air penetrates into every fold and crevice of the mucous membrane of your nose and throat, kills the catarrh germs that lodge there, soothes, reduces and heals the swollen inflamed membranes, stops the discharge and opens up the clogged nose and air passages in a truly wonderful way. It gives blessed relief in five minutes from catarrhal distress of every kind, and if you make a practice of breathing Hyomei for a few minutes each day for just a few weeks not only will all the symptoms of catarrh vanish, but the disease itself will be a thing of the past. No one need try or buy Hyomei on pure faith. R. R. Bellamy and many other leading druggists in Wilmington and vicinity sell it with the positive guarantee that it must cure catarrh or that the money paid for it will be refunded. Hyomei is very inexpensive and with this protecting guarantee behind your purchase there is absolutely no reason why any sufferer from Catarrh should not give it a fair trial.

Women Are Interested
WE ARE SHOWING HIGH-CLASS SWISS EMBROIDERIES LACES AND NOVELTIES
A. D. BROWN
The Store That Sells "American Lady Corsets"

"THE LONE GAME"
Thrilling Western Two-Reel Eclair Drama, With an Unexpected Ending. Edna Payne and Fred Hearne.
"THE SISTERS"
Two-Reel Mutual Drama, Featuring Those Famous Sisters, Lillian and Dorothy Gish.
"EVERY INCH A HERO"
Rousing L-Ko Comedy Hit.
"SHOTGUNS THAT KICK"
Mammoth Keystone Comedy.
BIJOU
"Wilmington's Cozy Corner."

AGAIN HERE
NEW GRAND
TODAY



Also Another Great Headliner:
"THE DERELICT"
Latest Kalem 2-Reel Sensation.
ALL FOR ——— 5 CENTS

FOR SALE
Two cars Maine Grown Irish Potatoes, all varieties
Shipment to be made in February. Orders solicited.
SAMUEL BEAR, SR., & SONS
Wholesale Grocers
Wilmington, N. C.
311 N. Front St.

Masonic Temple, Feb. 5, 1915.
WILMINGTON LODGE, NO. 319, A. F. & A. M.

Special meeting this (Friday) evening at 8 o'clock. Work in the Master's degree.

You are requested to be present.

Visiting brethren cordially invited.

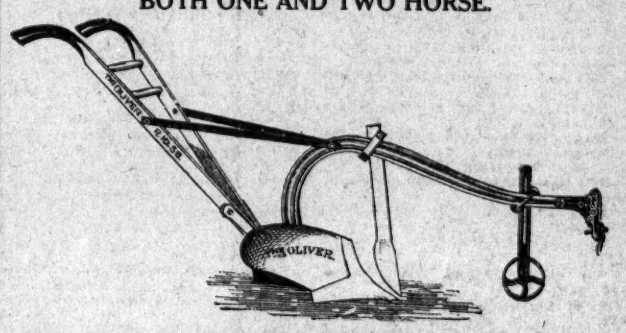
By order of the W. M.

J. M. TAYLOR, Secy.

FEBRUARY 2
Deposits made now, and until February 2nd, inclusive, draw interest from February 1st, at four per cent.
HOME SAVINGS BANK
COR. FRONT AND CHESTNUT STREETS

ACADEMY THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 11TH
Seats on Sale at Woodall & Sheppard's Monday, Feb. 8th, at 9 o'clock. Free list entirely suspended. Prices: 25c to $2.00.
COHAN & HARRIS PRESENT
AMERICA'S GREATEST COMEDIAN **RAYMOND HITCHCOCK**
COMPANY OF 100 SPECIAL ORCHESTRA
IN THE GREAT BIG MUSICAL COMEDY SUCCESS,
"THE BEAUTY SHOP"
By Channing Pollock, Rennold Wolf and Chas. J. Gebest. Direct from a half-year at the Astor Theater, N. Y., with the Entire Broadway Cast and Production.
Greatest Singing, Dancing, Looking Chorus on Earth

OLIVER CHILLED PLOWS
SEND US YOUR ORDERS for OLIVER CHILLED PLOWS BOTH ONE AND TWO HORSE.



W. E. SPRINGER & CO.
Purcell Building

COAL :: COAL
Egg, Stove and Chestnut, Logan Lump and Pocahontas, Run of Mine.
SHINGLES! SHINGLES!
750,000 Shingles, All Grades and Sizes.
BUILDERS' SUPPLIES.
Everything in This Line.
We Offer Close Prices, Prompt Service and Respectfully Solicit Your Orders.
W. B Thorpe & Company
'Phone 789.

Rubbing Will Not Cure
The use of Liniments for Rheumatism is right good exercise, and in some cases gives temporary relief—but never cures. If you are a sufferer try HARDIN'S RHEUMATIC REMEDY. This preparation always gives relief, and in most cases effects a permanent cure. Phone 55 for a bottle.
PRICE 50 CENTS
1880 **Hardin's Pharmacy** 1915

Merchants having business in Wilmington, N. C., will find
:: THE ORTON ::
the Hotel They are Looking For. Centrally Located.
OUR TABLE IS NOTED FOR ITS EXCELLENCE.
C. E. HOOPER, Manager.

We are now located in our new quarters, and are prepared to take care of all orders promptly for
Gasoline, Kerosene, Lubricating Oils, Axle Grease, Cup and Transmission Grease.
Don't fail to try our "AUTOIL"—a Carbonless Lubricating Oil for Automobiles, made from Pennsylvania Crude Oil.
GASOLINE 14 1-2c in Galvanized Iron Barrels, F. O. B. Wilmington
We paying return Freight on empty barrels
CAPE FEAR OIL CO.
'PHONES 873--874.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

COTTON RECOVERS LOSSES

Close Steady From Thirteen to Fifteen Points Above Previous Day. Early Loss Overcome.

New York, Feb. 4.—Cotton a little more than recovered yesterday's losses during today's trading with the close steady at a net advance of 13 to 15 points.

Relatively steady Liverpool cables failed to inspire much buying power here at the start and after opening steady at an advance of 2 to 4 points, prices eased off to about yesterday's closing figures.

There seemed to be some further Wall Street and Western realizing or liquidation on this setback, but offerings were much smaller after the heavy selling of the past few days and the market soon became firmer on an active demand from leading trade interests. Appearance of this demand encouraged a renewal of commission house buying and there was also some covering on the advance which carried prices about 14 to 15 points net higher. The close was at practically the best point of the day.

The buying seemed to be more generally influenced by the continued firmness of the spot situation, the talk of an improving demand from domestic trade sources and the continued heavy exports.

Spot cotton, quiet; middling uplands, 8.70; do. gulf, 8.95. No sales.

Cotton futures closed steady.

Month:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Mar	8:63	8:72	8:61	8:72
May	8:86	8:97	8:81	8:95
July	9:04	9:15	9:00	9:14
Oct	9:28	9:39	9:24	9:38
Dec	9:41	9:53	9:38	9:51

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

New Orleans—Middling, 8¼; receipts, 13,386; exports, 15,000; sales, 2,450; stock, 429,123.

Galveston—Middling, 8½; receipts, 23,688; exports, 15,488; sales, 1,085; stock, 571,048.

Mobile—Middling, 8.00; receipts, 1,076; sales, 475; stock, 43,762.

Savannah—Middling, 8¼; receipts, 29,302; sales, 3,814; stock, 332,994.

Charleston—Middling, 8¼; receipts, 1,152; stock, 158,443.

Wilmington—Middling, 8¼; receipts, 1,192; stock, 46,992.

Texas City—Receipts, 8,536.

Norfolk—Middling, 8¼; receipts, 2,503; sales, 914; stock, 88,974.

Baltimore—Middling, 8¼; exports, 2,500; stock, 4,903.

Boston—Middling, 8.60; receipts, 372; exports, 13; stock, 10,100.

Philadelphia—Middling, 8.75; stock, 9,384.

New York—Middling, 8.70; receipts, 150; stock, 100,287.

Minor Ports—Exports, 24,019; stock, 132,537.

Total today—Receipts, 63,268; exports, 96,272; stock, 1,923,547.

Total for week—Receipts, 354,883; exports, 440,064.

Total for season—Receipts, 6,796,066; exports, 4,078,618.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Middling, 8⅜; receipts, 14,962; shipments, 14,885; sales, 3,849; stock, 223,861.

Memphis—Middling, 8; receipts, 2,943; shipments, 2,519; sales, 2,100; stock, 234,785.

Augusta—Middling, 8¼@8 3-16; receipts, 1,190; shipments, 1,892; sales, 1,378; stock, 149,467.

St. Louis—Middling, 8; receipts, 6,024; shipments, 7,028; stock, 29,259.

Cincinnati—Receipts, 534; shipments, 1,390; stock, 10,975.

Little Rock—Middling, 7⅛; receipts, 724; shipments, 12; stock, 64,862.

Dallas—Middling, 8; sales, 7,698.

Total today—Receipts, 26,377; shipments, 28,736; stock, 723,209.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

Increasing Exports Caused Decided Advance in Prices on Market.

New Orleans, Feb. 4.—Increased exports—96,272 bales for the day—caused a decided rise in the price of cotton today, although the volume of business done was only moderate. At the highest prices were 11 to 13 points over yesterday's final figures. The close was at a net gain of 10 to 11 points.

Shipments today rounded out another million, the exports this season totalling 4,078,618 bales. Foreign shipments thus far this week amounted to 440,064 bales, the largest for any week this season and one of the largest weeks on record.

Bearish rumors which led to short selling in the early part of the day were that little fresh export business was being done and that freight rates were falling in consequence, but their influence was short lived after the statistics of the day became known.

Spot cotton steady, unchanged. Sales on the spot 1,100, to arrive 1,350.

Cotton futures closing: March 8.34; May 8.63; July 8.82; October 9.10; December 9.24.

COTTON SEED OIL MARKET.

New York, Feb. 4. — Cotton seed oil advanced 3 to 5 points, early today, on the light movement of seed, scarcity of crude offerings and fresh buying for outside account on the strength in grain and cotton, but towards the close the itsi reacted under heavy realizing sales. Pit offerings were well absorbed, however, and the undertone at the close was decidedly steady, with prices generally unchanged to one point net higher. Sales, 27,800 barrels.

The market closed irregular. Spot, 7.15@7.23; February-March, 7.21@7.22; April, 7.25@7.29; May, 7.31@7.32; June, 7.40@7.43; July, 7.51@7.52; August, 7.60@7.61; September, 7.69@7.70.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, Feb. 4.—Spot cotton, steady. good middling, 5.39; middling, 5.05; low middling, 4.64; sales, 6,000; speculation and export, 1,000; receipts, 8,109.

Futures, steady. May-June, 4.95; July-August, 5.03; October-November, 5.14; January-February, 5.19.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, Feb. 4. — Raw sugar, firmer; centrifugal, 4.51; molasses sugar, 3.74; refined, firm.

Butter—Steady.

Cheese—Steady.

Coffee—Spot, steady; Rio, No. 7 [illegible]; Santos, No. 4, 9¾.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, Feb. 4. — Cotton goods were steady, but quiet today. Worsted and carp broadcloths advanced [illegible] cents a yard. Raw silk was ste[illegible]

FURTHER ADVANCE IN WHEAT

President Wilson's Speech Predicting Food Shortage Aids in Advancing the Price.

Chicago, Feb. 4. — President Wilson's speech referring to a world shortage of food and to his desire to promote export trade served as a basis today for renewed wheat buying. There was an extreme advance of 5¾ a bushel with the close unsettled at 3¾ to 4⅞ above last night. Corn gained 1¼@1⅝ to 1¾ net and oats 1 to 1¼. Provisions finished 2½ off to 5c. up.

Grain and provisions closing:

Wheat—May, 154½; July, 141⅞.

Corn—May, 82¼; July, 84¼.

Oats—May, 61⅛; July, 58¼.

Pork—May, 19.60; July, 2,000.

Lard—May, 11.37; July, 11.57.

Ribs—May, 10.45; July, 10.70.

Cash grain:

Wheat, No. 2, red, 1.60½@1.66; No. 2, hard, 1.61@1.65½.

MARINE.

Arrived.

Str. Cherokee, Bunnell, Georgetown, C. J. Becker, agent.

Cleared.

Str. Lilly (Swd.), 1,087 tons, Wohldorf, Horsens, Norway, Henry Whyte.

Exports—Foreign.

Horsens, Norway—Str. Lilly (Swd.), cargo of 2,200 tons of oil cake, valued at $66,000; vessel and cargo by Henry Whyte, agent.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.) 2,239 tons, Hollasch, Heide & Co.

Str. Kiel (Ger) 2,872 tons, Jinks, at Southport, Heide & Co.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, Feb. 4.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nominal.

ROSIN—Nominal.

TAR—Firm, $1.50 per barrel; 7 cents per gallon.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Nominal.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, steady, 47½; Rosin, firm, $3.75; Tar, firm, $2.50-9c.; Crude Turpentine, firm, $3.50, $3.50, $2.25.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	(—)
Tar	(—)
Rosin	253
Crude Turpentine	2

Receipts same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 1 cask; rosin, 5 barrels; tar, 4 barrels; crude turpentine, (—) barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Spot, middling quiet, 8 1-8 cents; quotations same day last year, nominal.

Receipts—1,022 bales; same day last year, 436 bales.

Total receipts since September 1st, to date, 124,755 bales.

Total receipts to same day last year, 339,391 bales.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at This Port Yesterday.

Wilmington, N. C., Feb. 4.

Atlantic Coast Line—964 bales cotton; 95 barrels tar; 2 barrels crude turpentine.

Seaboard Air Line—158 barrels tar.

Str. Duplin—15 bales cotton.

Str. Thelma—43 bales cotton.

Total—1,022 bales cotton; 253 barrels tar; 2 barrels crude turpentine.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Jan. 30.)

CORN—$2.10 per sack.

PEAS—Black eyed peas, $2.50 per bu.; cow peas, market not open.

POTATOES — Irish potatoes, 80@85c. per bu. Sweet potatoes, yams, 65@75c. per bu.

BEEF—Native dressed, 7@9c.; good sales.

PORK—Small, 8@10c per lb.

SHEEP—Out of season.

WOOL—Burry, 14 to 15c.; black wool, 16 to 17c.; first-class white wool, 21c. free, 20@21c. per lb.

HIDES—Green salt, 13c.; dry flints, 17c. per lb.; good demand.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON — Old hams, 20c.; sides and shoulders, 15c. lb.; very dull; no sales.

BEESWAX—Firm, 23c. per lb.

POULTRY — Chickens, grown, 40@45c. Spring, 15@30c. per head; very dull. Turkeys, 15@16 2-3 cents per lb.; very dull.

EGGS—26@27c per doz., very dull; price expected to go lower.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by S. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, Jan. 30.—North Carolina Peanuts — Market, firm; new crop, fancy hand picked, 70c; No. 1, machine picked, 60c per bu.

Virginia Peanuts—Steady, New crop Jumboes, 60c; fancy hand picked, 55c; No. 1, machine picked, 50c per bu.

Spanish Peanuts—Steady. New crop, No. 1, small, machine picked, 75c.; Jumboes, 65c. per bu. All receipts, heavier.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., February 3. — Spanish—Farmers' stock, market steady, 85c per bu.

Virginias—Farmers' stock, market firm. Fancy Jumbo, 3¼c. per lb.; Fancy Hand-Picked, 3½c. per lb.; Extra Prime, 3¼c. per lb.; Shelling Stock, 2¼c to 2¾c. per lb.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Chicago, Feb. 4. — Hogs—Unsettled. Bulk, 7.05@7.15; light, 6.85@7.15; mixed, 6.85@7.20; heavy, 6.75@7.20; rough, 6.75@6.85; pigs, 5.60@6.70.

Cattle—Weak. Native steers, 5.80@9.35; cows and heifers, 3.20@8.25; calves, 8.25@12.00.

Sheep — Strong. Sheep, 6.40@7.15; yearlings, 7.60@8.40; lambs, 7.75@9.35.

New York, February 4. — Mercantile paper, 3½@4. Sterling exchange, irregular; sixty-day bills, 4.82; for cables, [illegible]85; for demand, 4.8365. Bar silver, [illegible] Mexican dollars, 37¼. Government bonds, steady. Railroad bonds, irregular. Time loans dull, sixty days, 2¾@3¼; ninety days, 2½@2¾; six months, 3¼. Call money, steady. Ruling rate, 3.

MIXED MOVEMENT IN STOCKS

Renewal of Liquidation of Certain Stocks and Continuance of Pool Manipulations the Cause.

New York, Feb. 4.—Renewal of liquidation in several of the high priced dividend paying shares and continuance of pool manipulation in certain of the specialties were productive of some mixed price movements in today's stock market. Canadian Pacific and Southern Pacific as well as Reading and part of the Granger group were under pressure, which seemed to result more from liquidation than short selling.

Rumor attributed the selling of Canadian Pacific and some other favorites to the foreign account, but International brokers reported little liquidation for Europe. United States Steel and the coppers were sympathetically affected, the one notable exception being Bethelehem Steel which rose almost three points.

American Sugar was exceptionally weak among the issues of its kind losing four points on persistent selling, while beet sugar declined a point. United States Realty, one of the dormant specialties, dropped eight points to 40, its minimum. In the final hour prices as underwent price readjustment, some stocks making partial recovery while others fell back again.

Approval of the Erie railroad's application to increase the interest rate on the notes of one of its subsidiaries will probably be followed by new financing for that account.

Among the adverse railroad returns for December submitted today were Missouri Pacific, with a net loss of $66,000, Rock Island $329,000 and St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern $526,000.

London markets were barely steady. The Bank of England reported another material loss almost $7,600,000 of gold and a slight reduction of liability reserves.

The new Pennsylvania's 4 1-2s were the principal feature of the irregular bond market with heavy selling under their recent best. Total sales par value were $2,320,000.

United States bonds were unchanged on call.

NEW YORK STOCK LIST.

Amalgamated Copper	54
American Agricultural	50½
American Can	28
American Car and Foundry	44½
American Cities, pfd	offered, 50½
American Cotton Oil	47½
American Smelting	62
American Snuff	B.150
American Sugar	103⅝
American Tel and Tel	120½
American Tobacco	231¼
Atchison	94⅝
Atlantic Coast Line	B.104
Baltimore and Ohio	70¼
Canadian Pacific	155⅝
Central Leather	34⅝
Chesapeake and Ohio	43
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	88
Erie	22½
General Electric	B.141
Great Northern, pfd	115
Illinois Central	108
Interborough-Met., pfd	55
Kansas City Southern	22½
Lehigh Valley	135
Louisville and Nashville	B.116
Liggett and Myers	B.215
Lorillard Co	offered 180
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	10⅞
Missouri Pacific	11
Mexican Petroleum	75½
New York Central	90
N. Y., N. H. and Hartford	50½
Norfolk and Western	102⅝
Northern Pacific	103½
Pennsylvania	106½
Reading	146½
Rep. Iron and Steel	19⅜
Rep. Iron and Steel, pfd	72½
Rock Island Co	⅞
Rock Island Co., pfd	1½
St. L. and San Fran., 2nd pfd	4⅜
Seaboard Air Line	13⅝
Seaboard Air Line, pfd	38¼
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron	26
Southern Pacific	83¾
Southern Railway	16⅛
Southern Railway, pfd	59
Tennessee Copper	29⅝
Texas Co	133
Texas and Pacific	11¼
Union Pacific	119⅝
United States Steel	40½
United States Steel, pfd	103⅜
Utah Copper	53½
Virginia-Caro. Chem	20⅝
Western Union	64¼
Bethlehem Steel	51½

DR. BREWER MAY SUCCEED DR. VANN AT MEREDITH

Meeting of Trustees is Called for the Election of a President.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 4.—A call has been issued for the board of trustees of Meredith college to act on the resignation of Dr. R. T. Vann as president and to select a successor who will be expected to take up the duties of the presidency immediately after the commencement season this spring. There is a pretty general expectation that Dr. Chas. E. Brewer, of the Wake Forest college faculty, will be chosen as the new president of Meredith and there is pretty general expectation that he will accept.

In retiring from Meredith, of which he has been the executive head for 15 years, Dr. Vann will become the head of the board of education created by the Baptist State convention at the 1914 session held in this city in December with headquarters designated as Durham. He will undertake and direct the correlation of the Baptist high schools and other denominational schools of the State. He will control and other denominational schools of and influence very largely the volume and purposes of the Baptist educational funds raised.

NAVAL STORES MARKET.

Savannah, Feb. 4. — Turpentine, firm, 43¼; sales, 150; receipts, 9; shipments, 128; stocks, 34,962.

Rosin—Firm. Sales, 384; receipts, 811; shipments, 246; stocks, 139,428. Quote: A, B, C, D, E, 3.05; F, 3.07½; G, 3.10; H, 3.15; I, 3.25; K, 3.60; M, 4.25; N, 5.30; W G, 5.70; W W, 5.80.

Cargo of Oilcake to Denmark.

The Swedish steamer Lilly, with a cargo of oilcake, lifted anchor at daylight yesterday morning to begin a trans-Atlantic trip. Her destination is Horsens, Denmark, and she carried a cargo of 2,200 tons of cake valued at $66,000. The vessel loaded at the Seaboard Air Line Terminals and was consigned to Henry Whyte as agent.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

February 5, 1915.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M. yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 35 degrees; at 8 P. M., 42 degrees; maximum, 51 degrees; minimum, 35 degrees; mean, 43 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall for the month, to date, .67 inch.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M. yesterday 33 feet and falling.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina — Cloudy and warmer; probably rain Friday. Saturday, clearing.

The Port Calendar, Feb. 5, 1915.

Sun rises	7:06 A. M.
Sun sets	5:46 P. M.
Day's length	10 hrs. 40 min.

THE TIDES.

	High water. A.M.	High water. P.M.	Low water. A.M.	Low water. P.M.
Wilmington	1:38	1:53	8:56	9:06
Southport	11:32	11:57	5:46	6:03
Masonboro Inl	11:22	11:46	5:26	5:43

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

February 4, 1915.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature Highest today.	Temperature Lowest last night.	Precipitation in inches at 8 P. M.
Abilene	clear	60	44	.0
Asheville	clear	48	26	.0
Atlanta	clear	52	30	.0
Augusta	clear	58	32	.0
Birmingh	clear	58	32	.0
Boston	clear	24	12	.0
Charleston	clear	54	38	.0
Charlotte	clear	52	32	.0
Chicago	rain	40	30	.10
Galveston	clear	64	58	.10
Jacksonv.	clear	—	38	.0
Memphis	rain	58	42	.54
Mobile	cldy	60	44	.0
Montgom'y	clear	60	34	.0
New Orl.	cldy	68	48	.02
New York	cldy	30	18	.01
Oklahoma	clear	58	40	.02
Palestine	clear	66	50	.42
Pittsburg	clear	38	18	.0
Raleigh	clear	44	30	.0
Savannah	clear	56	36	.0
Shreveport	clear	54	50	1.02
St. Louis	cldy	44	32	.24
Washing'n	cldy	34	20	.0

5lbs SUGAR 25c

K. SOAP 4c
IRISH POTATOES 25c
SWEET POTATOES 30c
3 CANS TOMATOES 25c
CHALMERS' GELATINE 7c
STAR HAMS 17½c
COUNTRY EGGS 30c
IVORY SOAP 4c
HECKER'S OATMEAL 9c
HECKER'S BUCKWHEAT 9c
HECKER'S BUCKWHEAT 17c
HECKER'S BUCKWHEAT 33c
SAUER'S VANILLA 20c
BURNETT'S VANILLA 30c

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Vest Pocket Remedy That Quickly Ends Indigestion

Eat What You Please and Never Fear After-Distress.

There is a perfectly safe and sure way for you to eat whatever your stomach craves and do it over again the next day. Many will say, "How I wish I could eat that, but I have tried and every time it nearly kills me."

People get in a condition like this only because they are not taking proper care of their stomach.

Every stomach has a lot of work to perform in digesting the food and if crowded with extra labor it rebels and kicks up a fearful disturbance.

There is a simple, harmless, inexpensive and most effective prescription, easily obtained at any drug store called Mi-o-na that will quickly stop this disturbance. These little vest pocket Mi-o-na Stomach Tablets were especially prepared to regulate out-of-order stomachs. They not only help the overworked digestive organs by increasing the flow of gastric juices, but surely and safely build up and strengthen the stomach walls so that the stomach can care for the food as nature intended.

It's needless for you to suffer with indigestion, heartburn, biliousness, sour, gassy or upset stomach, for Mi-o-na will give prompt and lasting relief every time. Do not delay, but get some of these indigestion ending tablets from R. R. Bellamy or other leading druggist today. Be sure you get MI-O-NA and accept nothing else, as Mi-o-na is always sold with the understanding that if it does not banish all stomach distress your money will be returned on request.

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATOR.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of Jesse Wilder, deceased, late of the County of New Hanover, North Carolina, this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned at Wilmington, N. C., on or before the 31st day of December, A. D. 1915, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

This 31st day of December, A. D. 1914.

C. D. MAFFITT,
Administrator of Jesse Wilder, deceased.
ja1-law6w
ja1-6t-f

J. F. LEITNER
ARCHITECT
27, 28, 29 Garrell Building.

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Southern Railway is now operating through sleeping cars daily on the Carolina Special between Charleston, S. C., and Chicago, Ill., affording excellent connections from and for Eastern North Carolina Points, Goldsboro, Raleigh, Durham, Greensboro and intermediate points, through ASHEVILLE AND THE LAND OF THE SKY.

For Pullman sleeping car reservations, schedules and detailed information, ask any Southern Railway Agent, or write,

O. F. YORK,
Traveling Passenger Agent.
Raleigh, N. C.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY
EFECTIVE JANUARY 3rd, 1915.
Trains Leave Wilmington Daily as Follows:

No. 13—4:30 P. M.—For Local stations—Lumberton, Maxton, Laurinburg, Charlotte and Intermediate Points, connecting at Hamlet for Richmond, Washington, New York, Atlanta, Jacksonville, and All Points North and South.

Through Pullman Parlor Car Service Between Wilmington and Charlotte.

No. 19—5:00 A. M.—Local train for Charlotte. Sleeper open at 10:00 P. M.

For detail information and reservations, call on City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel, Wilmington, N. C. 'Phone 178.

E. E. HUNTER, Div. Fr't Ag't., Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST, Div. Pass. Ag't., Raleigh, N. C.

Atlantic Coast Line
"The Standard Railroad of the South"
Bulletin of Special Round Trip Fares.
—from—
WILMINGTON

TAMPA, FLA $22.30
On sale February 9 to 15th, inclusive, limited returning February 26th. Extension of ticket until March 15th may be secured on payment of $1.00.
MOBILE, ALA $23.35
On sale February 9 to 15th, inclusive, limited returning, February 26th. Extension of ticket until March 15th may be secured on payment of $1.00.
NEW ORLEANS, LA $26.75
On sale February 9 to 15th, inclusive, limited returning, February 26th. Extension of ticket until March 15th may be secured on payment of $1.00.
PENSACOLA, FLA $23.35
On sale February 9 to 15th, inclusive, limited, returning, February 26th. Extension of ticket until March 15th may be secured on payment of $1.00.
CINCINNATI, O. $20.40
On sale February 20, 21, 22, limited returning March 3rd.
CHATTANOOGA, TENN $18.20
On sale April 25, 26 and 27th, limited returning May 8th.

For schedules, reservations and any further information, call 'phone 160, or apply to C. M. ACKER, Ticket Agent of the
ATLANTIC COAST LINE
W. J. CRAIG, Pass. Traf. Mgr. T. C. WHITE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

BALTIMORE & CAROLINA STEAMSHIP COMPANY
Between
Baltimore, Wilmington, Georgetown and Charleston, S. C.

Ships sailing from Baltimore every Friday afternoon 3 o'clock, arriving in Wilmington, Sunday afternoon. Low through rates and other information furnished upon application.

J. L. DOTEN, Agent,
Office and Piers, foot Grace street.
Phone 482.
HENRY WILLIAMS, JR.
General Freight Agent,
Baltimore, Md.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY
The Progressive Railway of the South
Bulletin of Special Round Trip Rates
In Effect from Wilmington:

CINCINNATI, OHIO $20.40
On sale February 20, 21 and 22nd, limited returning Midnight, March 3rd.
MIAMI, FLA $26.95
On sale January 9 to 15th, limited returning, Midnight, January 20th.
MOBILE, ALA $23.35
On sale February 9 to 15th, limited returning, Midnight, February 26th. Extension of ticket until March 15th may be secured on payment of $1.00.
PENSACOLA, FLA $23.35
On sale February 9 to 15th, limited returning, Midnight, February 26th. Extension of ticket until March 15th may be secured on payment of $1.00.
NEW ORLEANS, LA $26.75
On sale February 9 to 15th, limited returning, Midnight, February 26th. Extension of ticket until March 15th may be secured on payment of $1.00.
TAMPA, FLA $23.30
On sale February 11 to 15th, limited returning, Midnight, February 26th. Extension of ticket until March 15th may be secured on payment of $1.00.
CHARLOTTE, N. C. $5.90
On sale February 14 and 15th, limited returning, Midnight, February 22nd.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, or any information, call 'phone 178, or apply to Agent.

H. E. PLEASANTS, Wilmington, N. C.
T. P. A.,
JOHN T. WEST,
D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect October 12, 1914.

WINTER PARK, WRIGHTSVILLE, WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS.

EASTBOUND: Leave Front and Princess for Winter Park	Leave Front and Princess for Wrightsville	Leave Front and Princess for Beach	WESTBOUND: Leave Winter Park for Wilmington	Leave Wrightsville for Wilmington	Leave for for Wilmington
.....	.....	.....	a6:20 A. M.	a6:15 A. M.	.....
a6:30 A. M.	a6:30 A. M.	a6:30 A. M.	a7:31 A. M.	7:20 A. M.	.....
.....	.....	.....	b7:56 A. M.	b7:45 A. M.	b7:35 A. M.
6:50 A.M.	6:50 A. M.	b6:55 A. M.	a8:01 A. M.	a7:50 A. M.	a7:40 A. M.
a9:00 A. M.	a8:50 A. M.	.....	a8:41 A. M.	a8:30 A. M.	.....
3:30 A. M.	8:30 A. M.	3:30 A. M.	9:36 A. M.	9:25 A. M.	9:15 A. M.
.....	.....	.....	b10:31A.M.	b10:20 A. M.	.....
10:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.	11:06 A. M.	11:55 A. M.	10:45 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	12:36 P. M.	12:25 P. M.	12:15 P. M.
1:10 P. M.	1:10 P. M.	1:10 P. M.	2:01 P. M.	1:50 P. M.	c1:45 P. M.
c1:55 P. M.	c1:55 P. M.	.....	c2:36 P. M.	c2:25 P. M.	.....
cd2:35 P. M.	.....	.....	cd3:06P.M.	.....	.....
3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.	c3:50 P. M.	.....	.....
3:30 P. M.	.....	.....	4:06 P. M.	3:55 P. M.	3:45 P. M.
c4:10 P. M.	.....	.....	c4:30 P. M.	.....	.....
4:30 P. M.	4:30 P. M.	4:30 P. M.	c5:10 P. M.	.....	.....
c4:50 P. M.	.....	.....	5:36 P. M.	5:25 P. M.	5:15 P. M.
5:30 P. M.	5:30 P. M.	.....	6:11 P. M.	6:00 P. M.	.....
6:10 P. M.	6:10 P. M.	.....	6:51 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	.....
6:40 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	7:41 P. M.	7:30 P. M.	7:20 P. M.
7:15 P. M.	7:15 P. M.	.....	8:06 P. M.	7:55 P. M.	.....
8:15 P. M.	8:15 P. M.	.....	8:56 P. M.	8:45 P. M.	.....
9:15 P. M.	9:15 P. M.	9:15 P. M.	10:21 P. M.	10:10 P. M.	10:00 P. M.
10:15 P. M.	10:15 P. M.	.....	10:56 P. M.	10:45 P. M.	.....
11:15 P.M.	11:15 P. M.	.....	11:56 P. M.	11:45 P. M.	.....

SPECIAL FOR SUNDAYS.

Leave Front and Princess streets every half hour from 2:00 to 5:00 P. M.

Leave Beach every half hour from 2:45 to 5:45 P. M.

a—Daily, except Sundays.
b—Sundays Only.
c—Superceded by half hour cars Sunday afternoons.
d—Goes through to Seagate; returning leaves Seagate at 3:00 P. M.
e—Leaves from Station No. 3.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE.
(Daily, except Sundays.)

Leave Ninth and Orange streets, 3:30 P. M.
Freight Depot open from 2:30 to 3:30 P. M.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington. Effective Nov. 22, 1914. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90. 3:40 A.M. Monday morning only.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad.	No. 91. 1115 A.M. Sunday morning (Saturday night) only.
No. 51. * 8:25 A.M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M. and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50. *12:45 A.M.
No. 54. ‡ 8:50 A.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 53. ‡ 6:15 P.M.
No. 48. * 7:30 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman Service.	No. 49. * 6:05 P.M.
No. 58. * 5:45 A.M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 52. * 3:05 P.M.
No. 62. * 3:25 P.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 63. *12:50 P.M.
No. 58. * 3:45 P.M.	Chadbourn, Florence, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah and all Florida Points. Columbia, Asheville and the West. All Steel Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta and Atlanta, and between Florence and Columbia.	No. 54. *12:30 P.M.
No. 59. ‡ 6:30 P.M.	Fayetteville and Intermediate stations.	No. 60. ‡10:15 A.M.
No. 42. * 6:45 P.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars, between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains; also Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41. * 9:45 A.M.

* Daily. ‡ Daily except Sunday. ‡ Tuesdays, Thursday and Saturdays.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

GASPARILLA CARNIVAL——TAMPA, FLORIDA.
MARDI GRAS CELEBRATION
NEW ORLEANS, MOBILE AND PENSACOLA.

Excursion Tickets will be sold for the above occasion from Wilmington on February 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15, at fares named below, by the

ATLANTIC COAST LINE
THE STANDARD RAILROAD OF THE SOUTH

TAMPA, FLORIDA $22.30
NEW ORLEANS, La 26.75
MOBILE, ALA 23.35
PENSACOLA, FLA 23.35

Tickets will be limited, at time of purchase, to February 26th, but an extension of final return limit to March 15th may be obtained by depositing tickets prior to expiration and upon payment of $1.00.

For Schedules, Reservations, Etc., inquire of Atlantic Coast Line Ticket Agents, or address

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager, Wilmington, N. C.
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western
Quickest and Best Line West and Northwest.
Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb Rails.

Schedule in Effect Nov. 22, 1914.

Lv. Norfolk	8:30a.m.	8:00p.m.
Lv. Petersburg	11:00a.m.	10:40p.m.
Lv. Durham	7:00a.m.	5:30p.m.
Lv. Lynchburg	2:45p.m.	2:30a.m.
Ar. Cincinnati	7:20a.m.	6:20a.m.
Ar. Columbus	6:45a.m.	7:00p.m.
Ar. Chicago	5:00p.m.	8:00a.m.
Ar. St. Louis	6:32p.m.	8:30a.m.

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and All Western Points.

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.

W. B. BEVILL, Pass. Traf. Mgr.
W. C. SAUNDERS, G. P. A., Roanoke, Va.
C. H. BOSLEY, D. P. A., Richmond, Va.

CLYDE LINE
TO NEW YORK
AND
GEORGETOWN, S. C.
New York to Wilmington.
Steamship Seminole, Friday, Feb. 5th.
Steamship Cherokee, Friday, Feb. 12th.
Wilmington to Georgetown.
Steamship Cherokee, Monday, Feb. 1st
Steamship Seminole, Monday, Feb. 8th
Wilmington to New York.
Steamship Cherokee, Saturday, Feb. 6th
Steamship Seminole, Saturday, Feb. 13th
Both Steamers Carry Passengers.
Equipped With Wireless.
Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.
CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.
C. J. BECKER, Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
H. G. SMALLBONES, Commercial Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
General Offices: Pier 36, N. R., New York.

U. S. Court Sale.
Of the Haar Stock of Dry Goods and Fixtures

PROBING CAUSE OF ROOSEVELT STRIKE

Industrial Relations Commission Start Inquiry.

HEPBURN IS A WITNESS

Director of Fertilizer Company at Roosevelt Says He is Not Responsible for Conditions—Pleads Ignorance.

New York, Feb. 4.—Inquiry into the strike at the Chrome and Roosevelt, N. J., plants of the American Agricultural Chemical Company, which resulted recently in the shooting and killing of strikers, was begun here today by the Federal Industrial Relations Commission.

Antoni Walter, one of the strikers, testified he tried to support a wife and five children on a wage of $1.60 a day and failed. Even with additional money his wife was able to earn, he could not pay for the bare necessities of life, he said. So he ran into debt.

A. Barton Hepburn, a director of the company and who also is chairman of the board of directors of the Chase National bank of New York, said he knew nothing about the condition of the employes and never had visited the plants in New Jersey. As a stockholder, the witness said he did not consider himself responsible for the conditions at Roosevelt. He defended the policies of the Rockefeller Foundation, of which he is a trustee, and said he did not know that among the securities held by it were those of the American Agricultural Chemical Company.

Other witnesses today were George W. Kirchwey, professor of law, at Columbia university; Morris Hillquit, Socialist writer and John R. Lawson, executive board member of the United Mine Workers of America. Professor Kirchwey said there was some doubt in his mind that the charters of the Rockefeller and Carnegie foundations were constitutional, as they failed properly to define the scope and purposes of the institutions.

Plain Business Enterprises.

Mr. Hillquit assailed the philanthropic foundations as being "at bottom, business enterprises," founded by capitalists, not to relieve suffering but as a means of strengthening their own social and economic positions.

"While the Belgian relief ships were loaded with wheat, corn and other foodstuffs," said Mr. Hillquit, "tens of thousands of American workers, their wives and children were going hungry. The bread lines in New York, within perhaps one mile of 26 Broadway were growing longer and longer from day to day." The witness declared the Rockefeller Foundation's activities in eradicating the hookworm in foreign countries through the International Health Commission were based on Mr. Rockefeller's own admission upon "economic efficiency."

"This is the situation in a nutshell," he said. "The American industries can well dispense with a million or so of the surplus working population of this country. Since they are permitted to die of consumption, vocational diseases and preventable accidents. But the population of undeveloped foreign countries is just beginning to develop an economic importance for American capital. Hence international health commissions.

Mr. Hillquit said that while Egyptians and Malayans were being freed of the hookworm he could not forget how many thousands of American workers died annually of tuberculosis, "mostly victims of social and industrial surroundings."

BRYAN ARRAIGNED THE REVOLTING DEMOCRATS.

Country Knows What to Think of Democrats Voting With Republicans.

Indianapolis, Feb. 4.—Declaring that the Democratic party cannot afford to stand with the brewer and saloon keeper against woman's suffrage, Secretary of State Bryan, in a speech at a banquet of Democratic editors here tonight severely denounced the liquor traffic. He said that woman's suffrage was sure to come.

Mr. Bryan later addressed a public meeting at the German House, where he strongly defended the President's position on the ship bill.

Of the seven Democratic senators who have broken away from the President, Mr. Bryan said:

"I think I know, and I think you know what the country will think of a Democrat who takes the Republican side on the shipping question.

"If anybody puts in this bill," Mr. Bryan continued, "a word that implies lack of confidence in the President, let it be a Republican, and not a Democrat. Like the currency bill broke the burglary of the selfish interests on land, now will the shipping bill break their piracy on the sea."

The Secretary said that no foreign government protested or likely would protest against the purpose of the bill. He declared there was nothing in the measure to raise a diplomatic question.

LUMBERTON FIRE RUINED STOCKS OF TWO STORES

Building Damaged But Not Destroyed —Losses Largely Covered.

Lumberton, N. C., Feb. 4.—At 1:30 this morning fire badly damaged the brick building owned by W. W. Carlyle and occupied by John T. Biggs Company and Carlyle's Ladies' Store. The partition in the building was made of wood and late yesterday evening smoke was noticed coming from the partition into Carlyle's store, and it was supposed rats had caused fire in the wall. After the use of a few buckets of water all signs of fire disappeared. The place was closely watched and as a matter of precaution at 10 o'clock a hole was cut in the wall and chemicals freely used.

The fire chief, insurance agents and proprietors of both stores were then satisfied the fire was out until the alarm was given at 1:30 a. m.

Damage to the building is covered by insurance. Bigg's stock, valued at $15,000, with $9,000 insurance, was ruined by smoke and water. Carlyle's stocks, valued at $5,000, insured for $3,000, also was ruined by water and smoke. Both stores were left brilliantly lighted at 10:30 so that smoke might be more easily detected from the outside.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's.

The only Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. Drives out Malaria, enriches Blood. Builds up the Whole System. 50c.

MAINE MAKES SURE OF HER PRISONER

Has Werner Horn Sentenced to Thirty Days in Jail.

DYNAMITED A BRIDGE

Charged With Damaging Property on American Side—Willing Party to Procedure and Plead Guilty —His Turn Later.

Vanceboro, Me., Feb. 4.—Pending determination at Washington of his political status, the State of Maine today made sure of the custody of Werner Horn, the bridge dynamiter, by causing him to be sentenced for 30 days in the county jail. It is expected that before expiration of that period, he will be surrendered to Federal authorities for a hearing on the application for extradition to Canada.

The state's complaint against Horn was made by Deputy Sheriff George W. Ross, who was anxious to get the prisoner off his hands and had been promised support of the state attorney general's office in the procedure. He alleged that when Horn discharged an explosive under the Canadian end of the Canadian Pacific railway bridge over the St. Croix river, he damaged property in this town where windows in a few residences were broken by the concussion.

Horn was a willing party to the proceedings and pleaded guilty. Asked if he had anything to say he replied in the negative, adding only: "My turn will come later."

He will be taken to the county jail at Machiac tomorrow.

NOW UP TO CANADA

State Department Says Dominion Authorities Must Make Next Move.

Washington, Feb. 4.—State Department officials said tonight the next step in the case of Werner Horn who attempted to destroy an international bridge at Vanceboro, Me., must be taken by Canadian authorities when the prisoner comes before a United States commissioner in Maine. Until the hearing is completed and all the evidence gathered there, no action will be taken on the application for extradition made by the British ambassador for the Canadian government. Officials here do not expect the case to come before the State Department for at least a month.

Officials said attempted destruction of railroad bridges was one of the offenses for which persons are extraditable under treaties between the United States and Canada so that if the Canadian authorities prove that Horn attempted to destroy the bridge while on Canadian soil the commissioner probably would recommend extradition. It would have to be approved, however, by the State Department, where the case finally will be decided.

GERMAN AMBASSADOR OFFERS SUGGESTION

(Continued from Page One.)

Great Britain probably would not permit the cargo to proceed under such an arrangement.

The doctrine of conditional contraband, first promulgated by Lord Salisbury, provides that conditional contraband must be proven at the time of seizure to be destined to a belligerent force and that it is not sufficient to presume merely that it is going to an enemy's army simply because the port to which consigned is in enemy territory. How far this rule will be modified in practice, State Department officials and the British embassy declined to say.

The German ambassador declared that this latest proposition left no doubt whatever as to Germany's intention. In seizing food stuffs intended only for civilian population of a country, he insisted, Great Britain would be violating principles and decrees which she herself had declared should be observed.

MUST GO TO PRIZE COURT

England Wants Wilhelmina Case to Appear for Special Reason.

London, Feb. 4.—Great Britain had decided that if the American steamer Wilhelmina, now on her way with a food cargo for Germany, is intercepted, her cargo will be submitted to a prize court so that the new situation arising out of Germany's action in ordering that all grain and flour be placed under control of the government may be regularized.

In a statement issued tonight the British foreign office says:

"The new German decree makes it evident that all grain and flour is to pass under control of the German government and it must, therefore, when imported, be regarded as virtually consigned to the German government or to the authorities under their control.

"This creates a novel situation, and it is probable that if the destination and cargo of the Wilmelhina are as supposed, the cargo will, if the vessel is intercepted, be submitted to a prize court that the new situation created by the German decree may be examined and decision reached upon it, after full consideration.

Will Be Compensated.

"There is no question of taking all proceedings against the vessel and the owners of the vessel will be indemnified for any delay, and the shippers of the cargo compensated for any loss.

"There is no truth whatever in statements in the press that it has been decided that other such consignments will be seized together with the vessels without compensation to neutrals no decision has been taken to resort from previously existing rules or practices.

"The apparent intention, however, for the German government to sink merchant ships by submarines without bringing them into port or providing accomodation for their crews, and regardless of the loss of civilian lives, and the attempt to effect this even against a hospital ship, has raised very seriously the question whether Great Britain should not adopt in retaliation more stringent measures against German trade.

"It is recognized that when any such decision to this effect is reached due care must be taken not to inflict loss upon neutral ships which have sailed before any warning has been given or decision announced."

JAPANESE CRUISER WRECKED ON ROCKS

Asama, Carrying Five Hundred Men, Going to Pieces.

ALL OF CREW RESCUED

Vessel, Upon Who's Deck the Russian Admiral Surrendered His Fleet to Japan in 1905, After Battle in Sea of Japan.

Washington, Feb. 4.—The Japanese cruiser Asama, carrying 500 men, has been wrecked and is breaking up off the Lower California coast, according to advices today to the Navy Department. The dispatch did not state whether the crew had been rescued.

Rear Admiral Howard, commanding the American fleet in the Pacific, who reported the wreck in a brief message, was ordered to offer whatever aid was available. Department officials thought tonight the cruiser Raleigh off Sandiego, Cal., probably would be the first American naval vessel to reach the scene. Admiral Howard said the Asama was about 350 miles south of Port San Bartolme.

The Asama, an armored cruiser of 9,750 tons, was built in 1898. For several months she has been patrolling the Eastern Pacific. Early in the war she forced the German gunboat Geier to interne at Honolulu.

The Japanese embassy tried unsuccessfully today to get into communication with Japanese consuls on the west coast of Mexico through the consul general at San Francisco, and is relying upon the Navy Department for information regarding the wreck.

CREW ALL RESCUED

Vessel Supposed to Have Struck Last Monday—Officer Aboard Cruiser.

Sandiego, Cal., Feb. 4.—The Japanese cruiser Asama is reported wrecked near Turtle Bay, less than 40 miles from where the steamship Isthmian and the Danish motor ship Malakka went on the rocks December 18. The Asama is believed to have struck last Monday, and now is a total wreck, although no lives were lost, according to reports received here today.

When the British collier Boyne arrived here Tuesday it had on board a Japanese naval officer who it now is rumored came from the wrecked Asama. It is said the Asama's wireless went out of commission when the ship struck.

The Japanese cruiser Asama has a war record that dates back to the battle of the Sea of Japan, May 27-28, 1905, when she received the surrender of Rear Admiral Nebogatoff, of the Russian navy.

After that fight she was engaged successfully with the Russian cruiser Dmitri Donskoi and it was from the Asama's decks that the Emperor of Japan reviewed the naval parade in Japanese waters in October, 1905.

More recently the Asama has been active in the Pacific. In November she was reported as hovering outside of Honolulu harbor, awaiting the coming out of a German warship and in January of this year she was steaming up and down the coast of Peru, looking for the German cruiser Prinz Eitel Freidrich.

The Asama is 442 feet overall with a beam of 67 feet, and capable of making 21 and one-half knots. She had 18,000 horsepower and was armored with Harvey Nickel steel. She carried four 8-inch guns, 14 six-inch guns, and 12 three-inch guns; four torpedo tubes below the water and one above.

BRITISH TERRITORIALS GET BAPTISM OF FIRE

(Continued From Page One.)

supported by ships in the canal replied.

"The enemy tried to cross the canal on rafts, but retired at 3 o'clock in the afternoon with the loss of eight officers and numerous dead, while 288 more prisoners were taken.

"Our losses were two officers and 13 men killed and 58 men wounded.

"At Elkantara (40 miles south of Port Said) the enemy also attacked but was driven out leaving 21 men killed and 25 wounded and 25 unwounded prisoners in our hands.

"The enemy's force consisted of 1,200 men and six batteries."

SEA DECLARED WAR ZONE.

German Admiralty Warns Neutral Shipping—Best to Stay Out.

Berlin, Feb. 4. (By Wireless)—The German admiralty today issued the following communication:

"The waters around Great Britain and Ireeland, including the whole English channel, are declared a war zone from and after February 18th.

"Every enemy ship found in this zone will be destroyed, even if it is impossible to avert dangers which threaten the crew and passengers.

"Also, neutral ships in the war zone are in danger as in consequence of the misuse of neutral flags ordered by the British government on January 31st and in view of the hazards of naval warfare, it cannot always be avoided that attacks meant for enemy ships endanger neutral ships.

"Shipping northward, around the Shetland Islands in the eastern basin of the North Sea and in a strip of at least 30 nautical miles in breadth along the Dutch coast is endangered in the same way."

BERLIN WAR STATEMENT

Outlines Developments on Both Fronts From German Viewpoint.

Berlin, Feb. 4 (by wireless to Sayville, N. Y.)—The headquarters staff of the German army today gave out an announcement on the progress of the war which reads as follows:

"Yesterday saw nothing more than artillery engagements on the front from the North sea as far as Rheims. Further French attacks near Perthes were repulsed with losses to the enemy.

"German forces yesterday delivered attacks at points north and northwest of Massiges and to the northwest of St. Menehould. They stormed three lines of French trenches, one behind the other and occupied the principal French positions for a distance of two kilometers (1 1-15 miles). All the French counter-attacks which were continued during the night were repulsed. We took prisoners seven officers and 601 soldiers and we captured nine machine guns, nine other guns of smaller calibre and much war material.

"In the middle Vosges there occurred yesterday the first encounter of German troops mounted on skiis with French chasseurs. The outcome was successful for us.

"In East Prussia Russian attacks against the German position south of the Memel river were driven back.

"In Poland, North of the Vistula, there have been skirmishes between small detachments of German and Russian cavalry. At a point south of Sachaczow the Russians delivered repeated night attacks upon our positions. They were forced to retire with heavy losses. The German advance in the vicinity of Bolimow is progressing, and this in spite of the violent Russian counter-attacks. The number of prisoners we are taking is increasing. In the Carpathian mountains German and Austrian and Hungarian soldiers have been fighting shoulder-to-shoulder for some days past. We and our allies have been several times successful in this difficult, snow-covered mountainous country."

NORTH CAROLINA GETS GOOD SLICE

Continued From Page One

and Beaufort Harbor $2,000.

New River and waterways to Beaufort, continuance, $37,300.

Northeast, Black and Cape Fear rivers, above Wilmington, $13,000.

Cape Fear river, above Wilmington, $13,000.

Shallotte river, maintenance, $1,300.

Postmasters Confirmed.

The following North Carolina postmasters were confirmed by the Senate this afternoon: Christopher M. Pierce, Faison; W. M. Goodson, Marion; Thos. J. Orr, Matthews; William J. Roberts, Shelby; M. Henry Moore, Washington; C. F. Mitchell, Winton. P. R. A.

Business Locals

ARTICHOKES — ESCHOLIPS, CLAMS, garden oysters, shad, turkeys, chickens, country eggs, produce. Russet apples, fish, dressed and delivered. 'Phone 374. W. M. Sneeden, 120 S. Front. fe 5-1t*

FOR RENT CHEAP—THREE ROOMS, all modern conveniences. Possession at once; 314 North Fourth street. fe5-1t*

FOR RENT — HOUSE 923 NORTH Fifth street, seven rooms, and house 113 No. Seventh street, 11 rooms. Both with bath and electric lights. Low rent. A. D. Wessell; 'Phone 650-J. fe5-1t*

THE FIRST WORD PRINTED ON A writing machine spelled Progress. That first typewriter was a Remington. Therefore, progress became a Remington ideal, and today Remingtons write in 156 languages, have 1,706 keyboards, and are sold in 163 countries. Write for catalogue. B. W. Thacker, Mgr., Remington Typewriter Co., Wilmington, N. C. fe5-1t

FOR RENT—TWO FRONT ROOMS, completely furnished for light housekeeping. 'Phone 1187 for particulars. References required. fe5-1t*

REWARD — PERSON WHO TOOK lamp from bicycle at front of Bijou Thursday night will return to owner, care Star office, and no questions asked. Otherwise, will be prosecuted to fullest extent. fe5-1t

NEW WAY MARKET — FRIDAY SPECIAL. Fresh eggs, 27½ cents. Fancy dressed turkeys, Sunday dinner, 25 cents; country butter, 28c.; Big Boston lettuce; Datenut butter; yellow corn meal; pinhead oatmeal; oranges, 20c. dozen; just come in and see our place and prices. Will do our best to please you. Phone 816 and 917. W. H. McEachern, Front and Market streets. fe 5-1t*

CARLOAD MAINE GROWN SEED POTATOES received, Cobblers, Early Rose, Sunlights, White, Red and yellow onion sets. Full line all kinds vegetable seed. W. J. Kirkham & Co. fis5-1t*

WANTED — TO SELL, DRY PINE mixed with oak and ash, cut and split stove length, $1.25 and $1.00, for big load, delivered. 'Phone 818. fe5-1t*

FURNISHED APARTMENT WANTED by married couple without children. Must be close down town, in private home, quiet and modern conveniences. Two or three rooms, with kitchenette would suit. Can furnish one room. Must include use of 'phone, etc. Address "Housekeeping," care of Star. fe4-2t

ANNOUNCEMENT — A FURTHER REDUCTION in all prices of the G. H. Haar bankrupt stock of notions, dry goods, fixtures, etc., has been made. These goods must be sold to satisfy our creditors. Come early. 111 Chestnut st. fe4-3t

ON EIGHTH STREET, BETWEEN Market and Princess, we have a particularly good cottage home for sale. The price is low and the terms are easy. Let us show you the place. J. G. Wright & Son, 124 Princess. fe4-2t

NEW MODERN HOME, NORTHWEST corner 16th and Chestnut streets, is offered for sale. Will be glad to quote price and terms. This is no ordinary built-to-sell place, but a beautiful home. J. G. Wright & Son, 124 Princess street. fe4-2t

FOR RENT — LARGE FRONT ROOM, downstairs, suitable for two gentlemen or married couple, with first class table board. Apply 302 North Second street. 'Phone 1805-W. fe3-3t

BUNGALOW FOR RENT AT VILLA View, on hard road; has every convenience, including electric lights, sewerage, running water and deep well. For particulars, see or 'phone J. O. Hinton. fe3-6t

WANTED — BOARD AND TWO ROOMS for lady and gentlemen. State price and location. Address C. W. C., care Star office. fe2-6t*

THE PROGRESSIVE BUILDING AND Loan Association opens new series of stock Saturday, February 6th. Books open now. J. M. Solky, president; B. F. King, Jr., Sec'y. Office, 215 Princess street. ja24-eod to 2-10

NOW WOULD BE A GOOD TIME TO take that Building and Loan stock. The "Progressive" opens new series Saturday, February 6th. B. F. King, Jr., secretary and treasurer; office 215 Princess street. ja24-eod to 2-10

OUR WAR FOOTING IS AS LARGE AS our peace footing—because we advertise. Multigraph letters do it for us. They'll do it for you. Quality guaranteed. Harriss Typewriting & Advertising Co. ja22m,w,f-tf

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN — A NICE little stock of shoes, consisting of men's, ladies' and children's shoes. Will sell on time, with good paper, or exchange for horses, mules or real estate. Apply to F. P. Lamb, 522 MacRae st., 'phone 426-J. fe4,6t*

THE RURAL BUILDING AND LOAN Association will open the 28th Series Saturday, February 6th, 1915. Remember the date. R. C. DeRosset, president; J. Holmes Davis, vice-president; James Owen Reilly, secretary and treasurer. fe2-6t

FOR RENT — COTTAGE 522 SOUTH Front street, $18; For Rent: Two-story residence, 419 South Fourth, $18.00. W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent. fe2,ex.su,n-tf

MR. JOHN TAYLOR, FORMERLY with J. E. Cowell, has accepted a position with the O. K. Barber Shop, No. 22 Princess street, where he will be glad to have his friends call. ja31-7t

IF IT IS SUIT CASES AND TRUNKS, see Uncle Charles, before you buy. No. 6 South Front street, or 'phone 642. ja5-tf

EAT AT THE DIXIE CAFE AND GET fat. Regular meals, twenty-five cents. Short orders at lowest prices possible. Satisfaction guaranteed. Try us once and you will come again. fe3-7t

MECHANICS' HOME ASSOCIATION — New series, B. and L. stock. W. M. Cumming, Sec'y. de31-th,f,sa,tu,w-tf

SYSTEMATIC SAVING MULTIPLIES the energy of money. Money saved with regularity creates the future ability necessary for success. The habit is as valuable as the money. There is no better way to get the habit than by taking stock in the Rural Building and Loan Association. New series Saturday, February 6th, 1915. James Owen Reilly, secretary and treasurer, 118 Princess street. ja31-7t

WANTED—WILLING TO BUY SOME established retail business in city, with good reputation. "A. R." Box 971, City. ja 30-3t*

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